

# **WHITE PAPER**



# State of Municipal Education in Mumbai

December 2022



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#### I. Foreword

Every child has the right to access quality education and it is the duty of Governments to ensure necessary provisions are being made to fulfill this need. The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, outlines a road map to achieve a new vision for India's education system. One of its goals is to achieve 100% Gross Enrollment (GER) by tracking students enrolled and ensuring they attend school regularly. It also aims to create suitable opportunities for students to re-enter the education system if they fall behind or drop out.

The student enrollments in Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation (BMC) schools have seen a continuous drop since the academic year 2012-13; from 4,34,523 to 3,00,746 in 2018-19, a drop of 31%. However, during COVID-19, households faced many challenges such as financial problems and looked towards BMC schools for children to continue and complete their education. In addition, many small private schools closed down during the pandemic, which positively impacted BMC's school enrollments as it increased by 6% from 3,00,746 in 2018-19 to 3,18,002 in 2021-22.

Furthermore, the proportion of student enrollments in BMC schools increased as compared to other schools in Mumbai. In 2012-13, BMC schools had a 45% proportion of student enrollments, which declined to 36% in 2018-19. However, due to the pandemic, it increased to 42% in 2021-22. This indicates that parents are inclined to access BMC schools for their child's education and BMC should take this as an opportunity to further improve its education system. BMC also needs to focus on student learning outcomes by offering quality education so that citizens gain more trust to access BMC schools.

To enhance the education system, BMC should look at the proportion of students enrolled in different standards, and make provisions to provide the necessary infrastructure and resources. For e.g., enrollments in BMC's Mumbai Public Schools (MPS) have seen continuous progress; it increased by 92% from 2014-15 (27,464) to 2021-22 (52,662). MPS schools have provisions to complete students' education from pre-primary to 10th std. Similarly, enrollments in English medium schools have seen a drastic improvement; it rose by 77% from 2012-13 (57,235) to 2021-22 (1,01,110). The trend also shows that enrollments are increasing in the pre-primary Std. in non-MPS schools and it increased by 125% from 2018-19 (7,764) to 2021-22 (17,504).

Although what is alarming is the retention rate in BMC schools from 1st to 10th Std., only 40% of the students enrolled in Std. 1 (46,913) in 2012-13 continued their education up to Std. 10th (18,781) in 2021-22. It clearly indicates that parents prefer to enroll their children in a school where they can complete their education without any interruption.

Another area of concern is student health check-ups in BMC schools. When the world was suffering from the pandemic and health was one of the major concerns, no health check-ups were done for the BMC students. Moreover, not all students were examined for health issues; in 2015-16 only 49% (1,89,809) students were examined out of the total 3,83,485. And even after BMC began school health check-ups in 2021-22, only 26% (84,247 out of 3,18,002) students were examined.

Additionally, there is a gap in BMC's education system. The Right to Education (RTE) Act of 2009 states that the pupil-teacher ratio (PTR) in BMC's English medium schools should be 30:1. However, the PTR in BMC's English medium schools was 41:1 in 2021-22.



In order to address these gaps, outcome-based budgeting is very important and BMC has an adequate budget however, they need to focus on output mechanisms for quality education. BMC's education budget increased by 52% from F.Y. 2012-13 (2,135 crores) to F.Y. 2022-23 (3,248 crores). So did the budget estimates on per-student expenditure which increased from Rs. 49,126 in F.Y. 2012-13 to Rs. 1,02,143 in F.Y. 2022-23. Even the annual fees of many top-end schools are almost equal to BMC's per-student expenditure, but parents hesitate to send their children to BMC schools due to a lack of trust on the quality of education.

The RTE Act mentions the School Development Plan (SDP) as a tool for each school to plan the infrastructural, financial and other resources required. The School Management Committee (SMC), which comprises of elected representatives, should prepare the SDP and submit it to the relevant government for funding. However, there is a lack of outcome-based budgeting; in 2021-22, out of 684 BMC schools (for which data was received), 98% prepared an SDP, but, a sample study of 13 schools showed that 85% of schools did not fill the section 'कृती आरखडा' (Action Plan outlining school requirements) in the SDP.

BMC has a dedicated education committee that monitors the functioning of the education department however, currently, there is no corporation to hold the administration accountable. What was good to see is the number of meetings held by the education committee has constantly been increasing from 19 in 2012-13 to 58 in 2021-22 and so did the attendance of education committee members. Although, the number of questions asked is still low at 72 questions in 2021-22. The upcoming education committee should continue the trend to meet frequently and deliberate more on the issues which will overall improve the BMC's education system.

For the NEP and RTE goals to be achieved, the BMC should focus on the areas of improvement such as, building more schools from pre-primary to 10<sup>th</sup> std., formulating targeted interventions to fulfill the aspirations of students i.e., more English medium schools, all the required resources and infrastructure. A student's health is also important hence, all BMC students should be examined for health check-ups. BMC education department should train and instruct the SMC on appropriately filling the 'कृती आरखडा' so that, necessary provisions are made available to the school. Further, there is a need to prepare an outcome-based budget with effective utilisation. The education committee plays a very important role and they need to ensure all aspects of the education system are being monitored thoroughly.

To conclude, this is the time for BMC to efficiently grab this opportunity and reclaim the trust of parents by providing quality education and retaining the students in BMC schools.

NITAI MEHTA Founder Trustee, Praja Foundation



## II. Acknowledgement

Praja has obtained the data used in compiling this white paper through Right to Information Act, 2005. Hence it is very important to acknowledge the RTI Act and everyone involved, especially the officials who have provided us this information diligently.

We would like to appreciate our stakeholders; particularly, our Elected Representatives & government officials, the Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) and the journalists who utilise and publicise our data and, by doing so, ensure that awareness regarding various issues that we discuss is distributed to a wideranging population. We would like to take this opportunity to specifically extend our gratitude to all government officials for their continuous cooperation and support.

Praja Foundation appreciates the support given by our supporters and donors, namely Friedrich Naumann Foundation, A.T.E Chandra Foundation, Lal Family Foundation, Madhu Mehta Foundation, Rohini Nilekani Philanthropies, Unichem Laboratories Ltd., and numerous other individual supporters. Their support has made it possible for us to conduct our study & publish this white paper.

We would also like to thank our group of Advisors & Trustees and lastly but not the least, we would like to acknowledge the contributions of all members of Praja's team as well as our ER fellows and Praja Interns, who worked to make this white paper a reality.





Note: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent difficulty in receiving complete data from the related BMC departments the paper suffers from the limitation of not including certain data points. Attempt is however made to portray the holistic situation of Mumbai using published data from online sources and to suggest changes in strengthening education services in the city.



#### Section I: Education Outcome Indicators

#### A. Student Enrollments

During COVID-19, households faced many challenges such as financial problems and looked towards the public education for children to continue and complete their education. In addition, many small private schools had closed down in the pandemic. The reports aim to understand the change in enrollments over the years, before and after the pandemic. For this the report aims to highlight the change in enrollments in Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation (BMC) schools for the academic years 2012-12, 2018-19, and 2021-22.

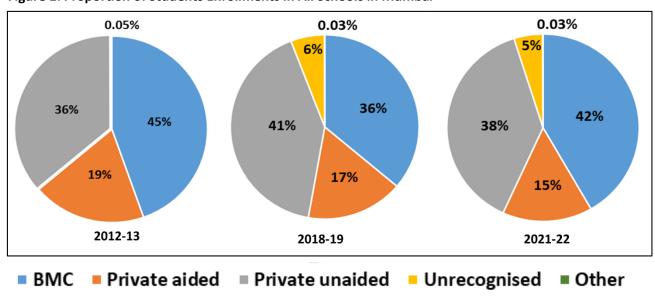


Figure 1: Proportion of Students Enrollments in All Schools in Mumbai

- Out of the total enrollments in Mumbai schools, the proportion of BMC student enrollments declined from 45% in 2012-13 to 36% in 2018-19 and then increased to 42% in 2021-22.
- While in private aided and unaided schools it decreased from 17% and 41% in 2018-19 to 15% and 38% in 2021-22.



Table 1: Total number of students (Enrollments) in BMC<sup>1</sup>, Private (Aided)<sup>2</sup>, Private (Unaided) and Unrecognised Schools from 2012-13 to 2021-22 (UDISE+)

	BMC	2	Private a	aided	Private ur	naided	Unrecog	nised	Othe	r³	
Years	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Total⁴
2012-13	4,34,523	45	1,87,128	19	3,51,486	36	-	•	513	0.05	9,73,650
2013-14	4,04,251	41	1,75,785	18	3,50,997	36	55,334	6	258	0.03	9,86,625
2014-15 <sup>5</sup>	3,97,085	43	1,69,005	18	3,46,727	37	16,167	2	236	0.03	9,29,220
2015-16	3,83,485	41	1,65,269	18	3,56,675	39	18,888	2	616	0.07	9,24,933
2016-17	3,43,621	39	1,59,687	18	3,64,325	41	23,141	3	366	0.04	8,91,140
2017-18 <sup>6</sup>	3,11,663	35	1,54,292	18	3,65,566	42	48,285	5	311	0.04	8,80,117
2018-19	3,00,746	36	1,38,605	17	3,44,192	41	48,300	6	268	0.03	8,32,111
2019-20	2,98,215	36	1,34,514	16	3,40,273	41	49,660	6	286	0.03	8,22,948
2020-21	2,83,719	38	1,16,988	16	3,11,258	41	42,327	6	236	0.03	7,54,528
2021-22	3,18,002	42	1,15,402	15	2,91,878	38	37,066	5	246	0.03	7,62,594

- BMC year wise school enrollments from 2012-13 to 2018-19 were provided via RTIs and the 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE (Unified District Information System for Education) data. The information of enrollments in other types of schools was taken from the UDISE+ portal.
- From 2018-19 to 2021-22, total enrollments in BMC schools increased by 6%, while in Private aided it decreased by 17% and Private unaided by 15%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept (Triveni Sangam).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Private aided, Private unaided, Unrecognised and Other school data taken from UDISE dash board, Source: https://dashboard.udiseplus.gov.in/#/reportDashboard/sReport

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Include tribal welfare department, railway school, social welfare department, central school etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The total enrollments has been calculated manually as per the figures included for all types of schools in the respective columns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> In 2014-15, Data presented does not include enrolment from 49 secondary schools of 14 wards, as medium wise data was not provided by the respective Public Information Officers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In 2017-18, the data is based on the District Profile of UDISE. (Unified District Information System for Education) Total Student numbers were different from the RTI data since UDISE does not include pre-primary data.



Table 2: Total No. of Students (Enrollments) in Mumbai's Municipal Schools from 2012-13 to 2021-227

Year		2012- 2013	2013-14	2014- 15 <sup>8</sup>	2015-16	2016-17	2017- 18 <sup>9</sup>	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Total Stud	lents	4,34,523	4,04,251	3,97,085	3,83,485	3,43,621	3,11,663	3,00,746	2,98,215	2,83,719	3,18,002
% Change in Enrollments -1% Year on Year		-1%	-7%	-2%	-3%	-10%	-9%	-4%	-1%	-5%	12%
			M	edium-wise	Change in	Enrollment	s Year on Y	ear (%)			
Marathi	No.	1,03,048	91,919	73,992	71,454	62,692	56,969	50,677	53,730	50,897	51,691
Marathi	%	-11.23	-10.80	-19.50	-3.43	-12.26	-9.13	-11.04	6.02	-6.62	1.56
l lim di	No.	1,37,315	1,25,120	1,16,111	1,19,384	1,00,700	85,756	81,431	76,861	68,149	76,990
Hindi	%	0.70	-8.88	-7.20	2.82	-15.65	-14.84	-5.04	-5.61	-10.18	12.97
English	No.	57,235	57,915	66,467	71,260	74,035	75,918	79,884	83,076	85,474	1,01,110
English	%	18.07	1.19	14.77	7.21	3.89	2.54	5.22	4.00	2.76	18.29
Urdu	No.	1,14,521	1,10,776	1,06,918	1,05,307	92,746	82,349	79,344	76,354	71,821	80,611
Orau	%	0.51	-3.27	-3.48	-1.51	-11.93	-11.21	-3.65	-3.77	-6.07	12.24
Cuianati	No.	7,037	5,686	5,299	4,956	4,086	3,020	2,512	2,642	2,396	2,445
Gujarati	%	-12.94	-19.20	-6.81	-6.47	-17.55	-26.09	-16.82	5.18	-9.31	2.05
Kannada	No.	3,601	2,828	2,549	2,526	2,106	1,721	1,625	1,200	1,116	1,319
Kalillaua	%	-9.20	-21.47	-9.87	-0.90	-16.63	-18.28	-5.58	-26.15	-7.00	18.19
Tamil	No.	8,011	7,161	6,065	5,954	5,010	4,146	3,838	3,625	3,250	3,224
Tamil	%	-3.19	-10.61	-15.31	-1.83	-15.85	-17.25	-7.43	-5.55	-10.34	-0.80
Tolugu	No.	2,978	2,280	2,062	1,870	1,454	983	815	727	616	612
Telugu	%	-8.82	-23.44	-9.56	-9.31	-22.25	-32.39	-17.09	-10.80	-15.27	-0.65

- Total number of students enrolled in BMC schools has decline by 27%, and the fall from 2012-13 to 2021-22 is seen in Marathi medium schools (50%), followed by Hindi (44%) and Urdu (30%) among major languages.
- BMC English medium schools has seen a rise of 77% in enrollments from 2012-13 to 2021-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> In 2014-15, Data presented does not include enrollments from 49 secondary schools of 14 wards, as medium wise data was not provided by the respective Public Information Officers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> In 2017-18, the data is based on the District Profile of UDISE. (Unified District Information System for Education) Total Student numbers are different from the RTI data since UDISE did not include pre-primary Data.



Table 3: Change in Class I Enrollments from 2012-13 to 2021-2210

Year	No. of students enrolled in Class I	% Change Year on Year
2012-13	46,913	-12.7%
2013-14	39,663	-15.5%
2014-15	39,214	-1.1%
2015-16	34,549	-11.9%
2016-17	32,218	-6.7%
2017-18	30,075	-6.7%
2018-19	27,918	-7.2%
2019-20	26,175	-6.2%
2020-21	19,753	-24.5%
2021-22	30,412	54.0%

## Inference:

- Class 1 enrollments decreased by 35% from 2012-13 to 2021-22.
- However, the Class 1 enrollments increased in 2021-22 when compared to enrollments in 2020-21, by 54%.

Table 4: Medium-wise Class I Enrollments 2012-13 to 2021-229

Medium	2012- 13	2013- 14	2014- 15	2015- 16	2016- 17	2017- 18	2018- 19	2019- 20	2020- 21	2021- 22	% Change 2012-13 to 2021-22
Marathi	8,697	7,365	7,131	6,104	5,631	5,088	4,391	4,103	3,463	4,452	-49%
Hindi	13,858	11,232	10,844	9,141	8,698	8,167	7,339	6,425	3,611	6,608	-52%
English	9,278	8,437	9,226	8,726	7,949	8,082	7,843	8,033	7,043	10,510	13%
Urdu	12,990	10,851	10,377	9,069	8,655	7,655	7,470	6,838	4,930	7,815	-40%
Gujarati	716	580	501	420	381	241	188	173	131	208	-71%
Kannada	316	241	241	189	173	166	121	77	46	141	-55%
Tamil	619	609	543	539	401	377	328	261	267	406	-34%
Telugu	256	212	188	174	119	87	63	48	29	29	-89%
M.R.	183	136	163	187	211	212	175	217	233	243	33%
Total	46,913	39,663	39,214	34,549	32,218	30,075	27,918	26,175	19,753	30,412	-35%

<sup>\*</sup>M.R. Schools for specially-abled children

## Inference:

Class 1 enrollments have fallen in all language (medium) schools, excluding English medium schools from 2012-13 to 2021-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam).



Table 5: Transition Rate of BMC Students from Class 7 to Class 8

Standard	Academic Year	Total Enrollment	Transition Rate
7	2012-13	49,217	33%
8	2013-14	16,042	33/0
7	2013-14	48,425	39%
8	2014-15	18,991	3970
7	2014-15	47,245	53%
8	2015-16	24,869	35/0
7	2015-16	48,377	62%
8	2016-17	30,053	0270
7	2016-17	42,348	68%
8	2017-18	28,709	06/6
7	2017-18	35,654	81%
8	2018-19	28,759	01/0
7	2018-19	33,115	83%
8	2019-20	27,432	05/0
7	2019-20	31,222	91%
8	2020-21	28,381	9170
7	2020-21	31,595	98%
8	2021-22	30,979	30%

- Transition rate of BMC students from 7<sup>th</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> std. has been improving since 2012-13.
- The Transition Rate<sup>11</sup> of students studying in Class 7 in 2019-20 to Class 8 in 2020-21 in BMC schools was 91%. This means that 9% students enrolled in Class 7 did not continue their secondary education (to Class 8) in a BMC school.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The number of students admitted to the first grade of a higher level of education in a given year, expressed as a percentage of the number of pupils (or students) enrolled in the final grade of the lower level of education in the previous year.



Table 6: Standard-wise number of Enrollments 2012-13 to 2021-2212

Standard	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Jr. Kg	3,304	2,558	2,651	3,321	3,246	7,491	6,842	26,719	20,359	25 177
Sr. Kg	3,874	3,092	4,317	3,724	3,760	6,988	7,270	20,719	20,559	25,177
1	46,913	39,663	39,214	34,549	32,218	30,075	27,918	26,175	19,753	30,412
2	58,683	49,398	45,675	43,606	36,652	33,004	30,091	28,382	26,810	28,505
3	61,924	55,923	50,938	46,214	40,358	33,740	32,104	29,482	28,475	31,409
4	59,160	57,912	55,886	50,141	41,389	35,523	32,763	31,477	29,502	32,016
5	52,886	53,056	53,962	51,411	41,684	34,824	34,000	31,564	31,220	32,675
6	51,785	48,878	51,100	50,510	42,693	34,755	33,075	32,229	31,274	33,353
7	49,217	48,425	47,245	48,377	42,348	35,654	33,115	31,222	31,595	32,736
8	16,058	16,042	18,991	24,869	30,053	28,709	28,759	27,432	28,381	30,979
9	17,863	16,925	15,957	15,939	16,357	18,113	19,775	18,994	20,391	21,959
10	12,856	12,379	11,149	10,824	12,863	12,787	15,034	14,539	15,959	18,781
Total	4,34,523	4,04,251	3,97,085	3,83,485	3,43,621	3,11,663	3,00,746	2,98,215	2,83,719	3,18,002

#### **Inferences**

- Over the years, from 2012-13 to 2021-22, the transition of students enrolled in 8th std. (2,19,294 from 2012-13 to 2020-21) to 9<sup>th</sup> std. (1,64,410 from 2013-14 to 2021-22) in the following years decreased by 25%.
- A similar trend was seen in the transition of students enrolled in 9<sup>th</sup> std. to 10<sup>th</sup> std. in the following years from 2012-13 to 2021-22, of the total 1,60,314 (from 2012-13 to 2020-21) students enrolled in 9<sup>th</sup> std., only 22% (1,24,315 from 2013-14 to 2021-22) students moved to 10<sup>th</sup> grade in the following years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam). Jr. and Sr. Kg data was provided in a compiled format for the academic years 2019-20 to 2021-22.



Table 7: Retention Rate in Municipal Schools- Class 1 to Class 10<sup>13</sup>

Standard	Academic Year	Total Enrollment	Retention Rate
1	2012-13	46,913	-
2	2013-14	49,398	105.3%
3	2014-15	50,938	108.6%
4	2015-16	50,141	106.9%
5	2016-17	41,684	88.9%
6	2017-18	34,755	74.1%
7	2018-19	33,115	70.6%
8	2019-20	27,432	58.5%
9	2020-21	20,391	43.5%
10	2021-22	18,781	40.0%

- Retention rates from 1<sup>st</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup> std. show that after 7<sup>th</sup> std. there is a continuous fall in retention rates of students, which could mainly be due to lack of enough BMC schools for secondary education (from 8<sup>th</sup> standard).
- Looking at the transition rate, only 40% of the BMC students enrolled in BMC 1<sup>st</sup> std. in 2012-13 continued their education up to 10<sup>th</sup> std. in 2021-22. Thus, focus should be on creating more secondary schools to ensure all the students complete their education without interruption.

Table 8: Medium and Standard-wise Class 1 to Class 10 Enrollments<sup>13</sup>

Year	Standard	Marathi	Hindi	English	Urdu	Gujarati	Kannada	Tamil	Telugu
2012-13	1	8,697	13,858	9,278	12,990	716	316	619	256
2013-14	2	8,402	15,837	8,776	14,328	732	270	651	274
2014-15	3	8,300	16,495	9,094	14,872	749	301	696	289
2015-16	4	7,963	16,344	8,820	14,873	710	301	715	285
2016-17	5	6,847	13,276	8,208	11,626	563	271	617	204
2017-18	6	5,889	10,316	7,839	9,354	403	235	549	141
2018-19	7	5,594	9,782	7,577	8,892	361	229	555	125
2019-20	8	5,105	7,534	7,087	6,848	258	100	439	61
2020-21	9	4,783	4,122	6,970	4,206	269	33	0	8
2021-22	10	4,097	3,914	6,653	3,872	212	25	0	8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam).



## **B.** Student Dropout/Dropox in BMC Schools

Many government initiatives, including the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), the Right to Education Act (RTE), 2009 as well as the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 aims to increase enrollments of students in elementary classes and to curtail dropout of students from the public education system. To do so, there is a need to maintain centralised information on the number of students who have dropped out from school education for long periods of time or as this information is termed as continuous absent students or dropout/dropbox.

Praja has over a decade utilised the Right to Information Act, 2005, to collect education data available at BMC Education Dept, to understand the student enrollments, dropout and overall functioning of all BMC schools in Mumbai. However, despite filing RTIs, it has been difficult to receive 100% data from them. This has made it difficult to provide an accurate understanding of the status of education in municipal schools in Mumbai.

Despite centrally filing an RTI to BMC education department for information related to student learning outcomes, dropout, etc. the RTI was transferred to all BMC schools. This puts a question on the data management system of BMC's education department as the information on students who dropped out from the education system and the learning outcomes of the students should be effectively tracked as mentioned in the RTE and NEP for various policy planning initiatives.

Over the years, Praja has been filing RTIs to acquire the number of dropout/dropbox students in BMC schools. However, for the years 2019-20 and 2021-22, the information on dropout/dropbox students provided was either incomplete or not provided. For the academic year 2020-21, the information of dropout students was not maintained citing restrictions due to the COVID 19 pandemic. For the other two academic years (2019-20 and 2021-22), data of 26% of BMC schools was not provided. Moreover, in 2019-20, T, R/N and M/E II wards did not provide any information via an RTI and in 2021-22, N ward did not provide any information. In 2021-22, the secondary school dropout/dropbox data was received from only Hindi and Marathi medium schools. We filed RTI appeals for this information at BMC education department.

For instance – An RTI was filed on 14/02/2022 and the information requested was not provided. We filed an appeal on 05/09/2022 and the appeal hearing was held on 12/10/2022 (Refer to Annexure 1). The appeal order stated that the information sorted should be provided within 15 days. However, no information was provided from the department.



Table 9: Table 10: Total Dropouts/Dropbox in Mumbai's Municipal Schools from 2012-13 to 2021-22

Year	able 10. To	2012- 13	2013- 14 <sup>14</sup>	2014- 15	2015- 16	2016- 17 <sup>15</sup>	2017- 18 <sup>16</sup>	2018- 19	2019- 20 <sup>17</sup>	2020- 21	2021- 22 <sup>18</sup>
	No. of Schools (Data received)		1,161	1,203	1,231	1,195	1,192	1,212	898		797
Dropouts/	Dropbox <sup>19</sup>	40,011	47,218	51,741	57,788	29,186	15,978	29,508	10,550	NA	3,977
Dropouts (	(per 100)	9	12	13	15	8	5	10	4		1
				Mediun	n-wise <sup>20</sup> [	Propouts '	Year on Y	ear (%)			
Marathi	No.	6,859	6817	7724	9320	5143	2739	4244	1,665		888
Maratiii	%	6.66	7.42	10.44	13.04	8.20	4.81	8.37	3	The	2
I I i a ali	No.	19,332	21,283	21744	27343	12036	6178	12552	3,892		1,419
Hindi	%	14.08	17.01	18.73	22.90	11.95	7.20	15.41	5		2
English	No.	2,750	3,346	3543	3986	3017	1303	4199	1,412	inform	456
English	%	4.80	5.78	5.33	5.59	4.08	1.72	5.26	2	ation	1
Urdu	No.	9681	14496	15731	15834	8341	5149	7832	3,422	was	1,154
0144	%	8.45	13.09	14.71	15.04	8.99	6.25	9.87	5	not	2
Gujarati	No.	377	257	320	303	166	239	243	48	availab le due	5
Gujarati	%	5.36	4.52	6.04	6.11	4.06	7.91	9.67	2	to	0
Vannada	No.	291	297	273	261	77	95	100	74	COVID	3
Kannada	%	8.08	10.50	10.71	10.33	3.66	5.52	6.15	6	19	0
Tamil	No.	354	472	396	440	229	179	227	22		48
Tallill	%	4.42	6.59	6.53	7.39	4.57	4.32	5.91	1		2
Telugu	No.	335	221	239	253	150	92	89	13		4
relugu	%	11.25	9.69	11.59	13.53	10.32	9.36	10.92	2		1

- From the data received, 4% of those who enrolled in 2019-20 dropped out of BMC schools 10,550 BMC students dropped out in 2019-20.
- From the data received, the highest dropout rate in 2019-20, was among major language schools such as Hindi medium (3,892), followed by Urdu (3,422) and Marathi medium (1,665).
- Since the dropout/dropbox information from all schools was not received, it is difficult to analyse and understand the number of students who have left the education system.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> In 2013-14, the data does not include dropout from secondary schools from 12 wards as the data was not provided via an RTI

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> G/N ward has provided 'nil' data of dropouts in their Primary schools in 2016-17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 2017-18 dropout data does not include 120 secondary schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>In 2019-20, T, R/N and M/E II did not provide dropout information. In total, dropout/dropbox from 898 schools is included <sup>18</sup> In 2021-22, total, 797 schools provided dropout/dropbox information and N ward did not give any dropout information.

In 2021-22, the secondary school dropout/dropbox data was received from only Hindi and Marathi medium schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Dropout includes both dropout and dropbox (continuous absent) number received via RTI.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> In 2014-15 data presented does not include dropout from 49 BMC secondary schools of 14 wards, as medium wise data was not provided by the respective Public Information Officers.



#### **Out of School Children**

The definition of Out-of-School-Child (OoSC) by the Central Government is 'A child who is either never enrolled or not been to school for more than 45 days without prior information'. On 2nd August 2022 the Samagra Shikshan Abhiyan (SSA) came up with a detailed circular for identification of out-of-school-children where government has listed identification of OoSC by different departments and local authorities, providing special training to needy children, identification of children who are not residing at home, child labour, maintaining online database of children etc<sup>21</sup>

The table below provides information on the out of school children. This information was received from the SSA office in the BMC education department (Triveni Sangam). It also provides the reasons for the children being out of school.

Table 10: Number of children Out of School from 2019-20 to 2021-22

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22						
No. of out of school students	732	264	1,705						
Gender-wise out of school children									
Female	355	128	784						
Male	377	136	921						

Table 11: Reasons of out of school from 2019-20 to 2021-22

Reasons of out of school	No. of Students							
Reasons of out of school	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22					
Unwell	4	5	-					
Financial Issues	1	-	-					
Family Migrated	625	189	1,019					
Personal Issues	9	24	3					
Continuous Absent	0	3	25					
Other <sup>22</sup>	93	43	658					
Total	732	264	1,705					

- From 2019-20 to 2021-22, the out of school children increased by 133% from 732 to 1,705.
- In 2021-22, 1,705 out of school children were mapped, of which 784 were girls and 921 were boys.
- In 2021-22, the highest reason for out of school children was due to family migration, while 25 children were continuous absent students.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Out of School Children in the Indian Education System | Oxfam India

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Include reasons such as caste, religion, vanchit, not given any reason etc.



## C. Mumbai Public Schools (MPS)<sup>23</sup>

Table 12: Standards-wise Enrollments in Mumbai Public Schools (State Board) from 2014-15 to 2021-22

Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	(%) change
No. of Schools	60	62	62	63	70	70	74	77	from 2014- 15 to 2021- 22
Jr. Kg	2,651	3,321	3,114	2,929	3,042	7 100	A A1E	6 177	110/
Sr. Kg	4,317	3,724	3,371	3,187	3,306	7,100	4,415	6,177	-11%
1	4,097	4,097	3,999	3,810	3,792	3,905	3,662	4,888	19%
2	3,906	4,156	4,089	3,999	3,702	3,755	3,920	4,588	17%
3	3,504	3,889	3,923	3,835	3,780	3,610	3,728	4,526	29%
4	3,171	3,475	3,706	3,819	3,783	3,727	3,643	4,231	33%
5	2,502	3,059	3,277	3,592	3,761	3,748	3,788	4,154	66%
6	1,783	2,501	2,905	3,196	3,548	3,785	3,793	4,230	137%
7	1,064	1,809	2,387	2,808	3,151	3,483	3,792	4,158	291%
8	469	1,370	1,929	2,634	2,955	3,208	3,643	4,110	776%
9	0	402	1,303	1,835	2,712	2,938	3,720	4,024	-
10	0	0	494	1,184	1,819	2,090	2,602	3,360	-
Total	27,464	31,803	34,497	36,828	39,351	41,349	40,706	48,446	76%

- From 2014-15 to 2021-22, enrollments in BMC's Mumbai Public School increased by 76% from 27,464 to 48,446.
- There are CBSE and ICSE Board MPS schools under BMC's jurisdiction. To understand the
  enrollments in these boards separately the enrollments in CBSE and ICSE schools were not
  included in the table.

Table 13: Standards-wise Enrollments in Mumbai Public Schools (CBSE Board) from 2020-21 to 2021-22

Year	2020-21	2021-22	Increase (%) from 2020-21
No. of Schools	11	11	to 2021-22
Pre-Primary	1,311	1,376	5%
1	430	435	1%
2	419	417	0%
3	404	395	-2%
4	420	409	-3%
5	387	385	-1%
6	357	376	5%
7	39	40	3%
Total	3,767	3,833	2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Data from 2014-15 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam). Jr. and Sr. Kg data was provided in a compiled format for the academic years 2019-20 to 2021-22.



Table 14: Standards-wise Enrollments in Mumbai Public Schools (ICSE Board) from 2020-21 to 2021-22

Year	2020-21	2021-22	Increase (%) from
No. of Schools	1	1	2020-21 to 2021-22
Jr. Kg./ Sr. Kg.	111	120	8%
1	40	40	0%
2	40	40	0%
3	38	40	5%
4	37	40	8%
5	22	31	41%
6	27	38	41%
7	28	34	21%
Total	343	383	12%

- From 2020-21 to 2021-22, enrollments in BMC's Mumbai Public Schools increased by 2% from 3,767 to 3,833 in CBSE Board and 12% increase from 343 to 383 in ICSE Board school.
- In the following years this enrollment can be tracked to understand the change in student preferences as and when new CBSE/ICSE schools

Table 15: Standards-wise Dropouts/Dropbox in All Mumbai Public Schools (MPS) from 2014-15 to 2021-22<sup>24</sup>

Standard	2014-15	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22 <sup>25</sup>
Jr. Kg.	29	22	17	21	8		1
Sr. Kg.	82	81	34	8	0		1
1	43	40	40	79	14		1
2	185	141	93	165	29	The	7
3	255	122	65	139	31	information	4
4	261	94	58	138	28	was not	10
5	144	84	57	120	24	available	8
6	91	82	44	126	44	due to	10
7	37	66	37	95	23	COVID-19	12
8	20	37	29	65	17		6
9	0	75	5	234	74		0
10	0	13	1	30	18		0
Total	1,147	857	480	1,220	310		69

#### Inference:

• From 2014-15 to 2018-19 the dropout in MPS schools increased from 1,147 to 1,220. However, the number of dropouts decreased to only 69 in 2021-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Jr. and Sr. Kg. data was provided in a compiled format for the academic years 2019-20 to 2021-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Includes information from 43 MPS schools for 2019-20 and 51 MPS schools in 2021-22. The total for 2021-22 includes an additional 10 dropout students as the standard information was not provided.



Table 16: SSC Results (Pass Percentage) from March 2014 to March 2022 Examination: Comparison between BMC and Private Schools <sup>26</sup>

Year	No. of Ca Appe		Tota	ıl Pass	Pass in (%)		
Tear	BMC Schools	Private Schools	BMC Schools	Private Schools	BMC Schools	Private Schools	
Mar-14	12,379	1,59,621	8,267	1,32,626	66.78%	83.09%	
Mar-15	10,779	1,59,913	7,809	1,36,686	72.45%	85.48%	
Mar-16	10,220	1,54,358	7,866	1,31,696	76.97%	85.32%	
Mar-17	11,972	1,35,392	8,250	1,24,297	68.91%	91.81%	
Mar-18	12,104	1,29,767	8,934	1,19,980	73.81%	92.46%	
Mar-19	13,534	1,32,190	7,367	1,06,307	54.43%	80.42%	
Mar-20	13,637	1,19,827	12,716	1,16,722	93.25%	97.41%	
Mar-21	15,515	1,25,460	15,515	1,25,404	100%	99.96%	
Mar-22	16,807	1,24,444	16,319	1,20,132	97.10%	96.53%	

- Performance of both BMC and private school students in March 2020 exams increased drastically.
- The pass rate of 97.10% in BMC schools is the best performance in the past 8 years since March 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Total SSC pass out numbers : Source: <a href="http://mahresult.nic.in/ssc2019/SS-OVALL.htm">http://mahresult.nic.in/ssc2019/SS-OVALL.htm</a>



## C. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) refers to a system of school-based assessment of students that is designed to cover all aspects of students' development. The new evaluation system was introduced under the Right to Education Act (2009) as a corollary to the no-detention policy.<sup>27</sup> It is a developmental process of assessment which emphasizes on two fold objectives, continuity in evaluation, and assessment of broad based learning and behavioural outcomes.

The scheme is thus a curricular initiative, attempting to shift emphasis from memorizing to holistic learning. It aims at creating citizens possessing sound values, appropriate skills and desirable qualities besides academic excellence. As per the guidelines for evaluation, teachers should aim at helping the child to obtain minimum C2 grade. It will be compulsory for a teacher and school to provide extra guidance and coaching to children who score grade D or below, and help them attain minimum C2 grade.

Following is the marking scheme used under CCE: A1 and A2 as A (marks between 100% to 81%); B1 and B2 as B (marks between 80% to 61%); C1 and C2 as C (marks between 60% to 40%); and D: 33% to 40%. E1 is students that have never been enrolled in a school. This is an indicator of out of school children. And as per as per RTE norms, include students continuously absent for a month or more are graded as E2 under the CCE system. This is an indicator of students who are irregular in their attendance.

Data for CCE was a sample taken from 3 wards with the highest enrollments in each region (city, eastern suburbs and western suburbs)- F/N, M/E and P/N of which 49 schools for 2019-20 and 2020-21 was received and for 2021-22, data was received from 34 schools.

Table 17: Percentage of students in respective CCE grades from Standards 1st to 8th in 2019-20 and 2021-22

		A Grade			B Grade			C Grade			D Grade		
Std.	2019- 20	2020 -21	2021- 22	2019- 20	2020- 21	2021 -22	2019 -20	2020- 21	2021 -22	2019 -20	2020 -21	2021 -22	
1	48%	55%	60%	51%	44%	40%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
2	57%	53%	60%	42%	46%	40%	1%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	
3	55%	54%	59%	43%	45%	41%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
4	56%	52%	56%	44%	47%	44%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
5	58%	58%	57%	42%	41%	43%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
6	47%	52%	54%	52%	47%	46%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
7	53%	54%	55%	46%	45%	44%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
8	52%	59%	59%	47%	41%	41%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

- Maximum percentage of students according to CCE grades have been in A grade across standards, however this is not reflected in the fall in transition of students to higher grades.
- In terms of transition of student enrollments, in the wards F/N, M/E and P/N there has been a decline, but CCE results show otherwise.

 $<sup>^{27}</sup>$  The RTE Amendment Act, 2019 amends the no-detention policy by reintroducing examinations for  $5^{th}$  and  $8^{th}$  standard.



Table 18: Subject-wise Percentage of students in respective CCE grades for Standards 5<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> in 2019-20 and 2021-22

		A Grade			B Grade			C Grade			D Grade	
CCE Grade	2019	2020-	2021	2019	2020-	2021	2019-	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021
	-20	21	-22	-20	21	-22	20	-21	-22	-20	-21	-22
					5 <sup>th</sup> Star	ndard						
1st Language	53%	57%	50%	46%	42%	50%	1%	1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
2nd Language	57%	53%	48%	42%	45%	52%	1%	2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
3rd Language	53%	53%	49%	46%	46%	51%	1%	1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
Maths	57%	55%	52%	43%	44%	48%	1%	1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
Science	52%	54%	50%	47%	45%	50%	1%	1%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
Social Science	28%	63%	54%	72%	37%	46%	0.0%	0%	0%	0.0%	0%	0%
Arts	60%	62%	67%	40%	37%	33%	0.1%	1%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
Practical /Projects	63%	65%	70%	37%	34%	30%	0%	1%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
Physical Education (Sports)	68%	67%	71%	32%	32%	29%	0.1%	1%	0%	0.1%	0.1%	0%
					8 <sup>th</sup> Star	ndard						
1st Language	50%	60%	52%	50%	39%	47%	1%	0.2%	1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
2nd Language	47%	58%	53%	52%	41%	46%	1%	1%	1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
3rd Language	46%	56%	54%	50%	43%	46%	4%	0.4%	0%	0.1%	0.4%	0.0%
Maths	51%	57%	51%	48%	42%	49%	0.5%	0.4%	0.7%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Science	51%	57%	51%	49%	42%	49%	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Social Science	49%	54%	50%	50%	45%	49%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%
Arts	55%	60%	70%	44%	39%	30%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%
Practical /Projects	57%	61%	71%	43%	38%	27%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	2%
Physical Education (Sports)	62%	65%	74%	38%	34%	26%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%

- Subject wise analysis of 5<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> standard does not show major variation among subjects, and most students are in Grade A and B.
- As per RTE norms, students continuously absent for a month or more are graded as E2 under the CCE system. This is an indicator of students who are irregular in their attendance. However, the E2 indicator did not include any information.



## **Section II. Input Indicators**

## 1. Annual BMC Municipal Budget for Education

Table 19: Annual Municipal Budget Estimates and Actuals for Education from 2012-13 to 2022-23

Year	Total Students <sup>28</sup>	% of Education budget to total BMC budget	Total Annual Budget Estimates on education (Rs. in crores)	Total Annual Actual Expenditure on education (Rs. in crores)	Per student total Budget Estimated (Rs. in Rupees)	Per student total actual Expenditure (Rs. in Rupees)
2012-13	4,34,523	9.0%	2,135	1,683	49,126	38,742
2013-14	4,04,251	9.5%	2,329	1,298	57,619	32,118
2014-15	3,97,085	8.9%	2,358	1,804	59,375	45,432
2015-16	3,83,485	7.8%	2,374	1,524	61,894	39,744
2016-17	3,43,621	6.9%	2,267	1,700	65,973	49,459
2017-18	3,11,663	9.8%	2,164	1,834	69,437	58,849
2018-19	3,00,746	10.1%	2,450	2,060	81,464	68,496
2019-20	2,98,215	9.5%	2,620	2,143	87,870	71,850
2020-21	2,83,719	9.4%	2,827	2,031	99,641	71,593
2021-22	3,18,002	8.0%	2,839	2,672	89,279	84,027
2022-23	3,18,002	7.8%	3,248	-	1,02,143	-

- Total Annual Budget allocated for education increased in 2022-23 as compared to 2021-22 estimates. The allocated budget for 2022-23 is Rs. 3,248 crores, 7.8% of BMC's overall budget of Rs. 45,949 crores<sup>29</sup>.
- Percentage of education budget to total budget estimates has decreased from 9% in 2012-13 to 7.8% in 2022-23, whereas the number of students in BMC schools has increased by 27% from 2012-13 to 2021-22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Source: BMC. 'Budget Estimates 2022-23'.

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{https://portal.BMC.gov.in/irj/go/km/docs/documents/BMC%20Department%20List/Chief%20Accountant%20(Finance)/Budget}{Budget%20Estimate%202019-2020/1-%20MC's%20Speech/BUDGET%20A%2c%20B%2cG/ENGLISH%20SPEECH-.pdf}$ 



Table 20: Per-students Budget Allocation and Expenditure (In Rs. Crore) from 2018-19 to 2021-23

Table 20. Fel-		8-19		9-20	•	0-21		1-22	2022-23
Account Head	BE	AE	BE	AE	BE	AE	BE	AE	BE
			Pı	rimary Educ	ation				
Total Revenue Expenses	2,184	1,986	2,473	2,071	2,541	1,999	2,702	2,504	2,870
Total Project works/Capital Expenses (A)	386	206	261	204	403	167	244	270	500
Total Primary education (i)	2,570	2,192	2,734	2,275	2,945	2,166	2,946	2,774	3,370
			Sec	ondary Edu	ıcation				
Total Revenue Expenses	141	120	172	119	173	133	173	139	183
Total Project works/Capital Expenses (B)	29	23	11	1	9	2	20	2	20
Total secondary education (ii)	170	143	182	120	182	135	193	141	203
Total Education Budget (C) (i + ii = C)	2,740	2,335	2,916	2,395	3,127	2,300	3,139	2,915	3,573
% Utilisation	85	5%	82	2%	74	1%	93	3%	
Less: Grants to Private Primary aided School (D)	290	275	296	253	300	269	300	243	325
Total (C-D)	2,450	2,060	2,620	2,143	2,827	2,031	2,839	2,672	3,248
Total students	3,00,746	3,00,746	2,98,215	2,98,215	2,83,719	2,83,719	3,18,002	3,18,002	3,18,002
Per Capita cost for every student (in actual rupees)	81,464	68,496	87,870	71,850	99,641	71,593	89,279	84,027	1,02,143
Less: Total Project works/Capital Expenses and Grants (E) (A+B+D=E)	705	504	567	458	713	438	564	515	845
Total (C-E)	2,035	1,831	2,349	1,937	2,414	1,863	2,575	2,400	2,728
Per Capita cost for every student (in actual rupees)	67,665	60,882	78,763	64,963	85,089	65,647	80,971	75,469	85,790

BE- Budget Estimates; AE- Actual Expenditure

- The per student budget estimate for 2020-21 was Rs. 99,641 however, only 72% (Rs. 71,593) was utilised.
- In 2022-23, the per student budget estimate is Rs.1,02,143, an increase of 25% from Rs. 81,464 in 2018-19.



Table 21: Budgeted vs. Actual Expenditure Summary 2019-20 to 2021-22 for Primary Education (In Rs. Crores)

	Budg	get Estim	nates	Actua	al Expend	diture	%	Utilisati	on
Account Head	2019- 20	2020- 21	2021- 22	2019- 20	2020- 21	2021- 22	2019- 20	2020- 21	2021- 22
Establishment Expenses	994	1,003	1,150	995	939	1,038	100%	94%	90%
Administrative Expenses	103	107	105	90	67	64	87%	63%	61%
Operation and Maintenance	228	139	102	65	23	32	29%	17%	31%
Finance and Interest Charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%
Programme Expenses	11	10	8	5	1	1	49%	7%	10%
Revenue Grants, Contribution & Subsidies	379	389	391	831	884	1,098	219%	227%	281%
Total Revenue Expenses	2,473	2,541	2,702	2,071	1,999	2,504	84%	79%	93%
Project Works/Capital Expenses	261	403	244	204	167	270	78%	41%	111%
<b>Grand Total</b>	2,734	2,945	2,946	2,275	2,166	2,774	83%	74%	94%

- The average utilisation of the 2021-22 budget on primary education was 94%. Programme expenses, such as those allocated for Samagra Shikshan Abhiyan are not being utilised well utilisation of only 10%.
- Maximum utilisation in 2021-22 was capital expenditure/project works, with an utilisation of 111%.



## 2. Mid-day Meal Budget

Table 22: Mid-day Meal Budget from 2014-15 to 2017-18 (Figures in Rupees)

Year	Particulars	1st to 5th Std.	6th to 8th Std.						
	Budget Estimate	26,60,46,000	31,16,10,000						
2014-15	Funds Received	13,73,71,970	15,10,35,000						
2014-13	Funds utilised	9,67,62,170	11,19,12,000						
	Utilisation (%)*	70%	74%						
	Budget Estimate	36,69,17,576	45,22,49,251						
2015-16	Funds Received	32,19,23,000	38,95,75,770						
2015-10	Funds utilised	20,92,56,960	24,97,53,740						
	Utilisation (%)*	65%	64%						
	Budget Estimate	31,82,32,000	39,18,37,000						
2016-17	Funds Received	20,51,75,600	28,23,47,360						
2010-17	Funds utilised**	14,59,89,412	18,54,23,231						
	Utilisation (%)*	71%	66%						
	Budget Estimate	39,10,70,000	52,14,96,000						
2017-18	Funds Received	24,62,40,000	24,17,47,808						
2017-18	Funds utilised**	23,30,98,618	28,50,39,852						
	Utilisation (%)*	95%	118%						
2018-19	Budget Estimate	1,02,94	,36,000						
2019-20	estimate figures and i	C Education Dept. only prov in the RTI reply it stated that th ce money for the mid-day mea	e actuals spent are no longer						
2020-21	recorded by them since money for the mid-day meal scheme is now sent directly to the schools from the Directorate of Education (Primary), Pune  In a recent RTI application filed in 2022, the RTI reply received mentioned the								
2021-22	same that they do no This information sho	ot have this information availa uld be available with BMC as cord of the budget spent.	ble with them (Annexure-2).						



## 3. Health Check-up in BMC Schools

Table 23: Number of diseases/ailments found in Health Check-up in Municipal Schools from 2014-15 to 2021-22

Diseases/Ailments	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	%*
Total students							2020 21		
examined	2,01,592	1,89,809	2,35,823	2,32,706	2,26,066	1,74,464		84,247	-58
Dental Caries	91,203	97,165	1,28,601	1,10,039	96,658	68,668		27,220	-70
Dental Others	11,673	14,582	15,892	23,444	18,710	13,334		7,376	-37
Scabies	725	778	717	948	1,063	797		204	-72
Leprosy (New)	NA	5	0	9	4	4		2	ı
Skin Other	20,145	21,699	24,747	21,240	19,612	12,851		5,722	-72
Lymphadenopathy	9,946	9,587	9,084	7,168	4,466	2,452		997	-90
Speech	2,543	2,008	2,035	1,939	1,728	1,182		708	-72
Eye Conditions	6,062	4,949	5,566	5,393	5,148	4,559		1,760	-71
Eye (Defective									
Vision/Refractory	11,030	10,451	12,507	15,283	13,590	13,192		5,955	-46
error)									
Otorrhoea	NA	NA	2,187	1,712	1,590	1,101		356	•
Ear Other defects	19,144	24,221	22,548	24,976	23,478	14,038		8,674	-55
Nose Defects	16,708	19,827	16,639	15,212	15,279	10,671		3,176	-81
Thyroid	59	44	59	40	49	21	D	32	-46
Throat Other	Г 01Г	7 2 4 1	7.250	6.255	4 1 7 4	2 101	Due to	1 210	77
Defects	5,815	7,241	7,350	6,355	4,174	3,181	Covid-19	1,319	-77
Splenomegaly	24	9	213	2	3	1	health check-up	0	-100
Vitamin A Deficiency	7,104	5,579	5,891	3,166	2,212	760	is not	323	-95
Night blindness	NA	6	11	2	7	2	done	0	ı
Vitamin B,C,D	E 2E2	4 720	4 722	2 422	1 652	1 271	refer to	555	-89
Deficiency	5,253	4,730	4,732	2,422	1,652	1,371	annexur	555	-69
Rheumatic Heart	NA	5	5	9	3	2	e-3	2	
Disease (RHD) (New)	INA	5	5	9	5	2		2	1
Heart & Circulation	446	427	432	253	284	239		120	-73
TB (New)	NA	153	160	187	179	102		105	-
<b>Lung Other Defects</b>	2,334	2,494	3,258	4,134	2,219	872		373	-84
Orthopaedic Defects	1,644	1,584	1,447	1,283	1,317	979		603	-63
Polio Deformity	NA	6	3	0	0	-		-	-
Mental Defects	1,438	1,286	1,484	1,338	1,646	1,023		701	-51
Pallor	NA	NA	15,011	8,140	2.100	F F.C.C		2044	
Anaemia	12,132	13,684	NA	NA	3,106	5,566		2,044	-
Underweight	53,408	64,681	73,112	11,720	7,383	7,512		3488	-93
Overweight	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,421	-		-	-
Worms	5,278	8,526	4,205	2,191	894	1,375		353	-93
Otitis Media	2,137	1,754	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
Other Defects	13,138	12,259	17,708	18,857	18,198	32,034	]	17975	18
Total Defects	2,99,389	3,29,740	3,75,604	2,87,462	2,46,073	1,97,889		90,143	-70

<sup>\*%</sup> Change from 2014-15 to 2021-22

- Number of students examined in health check-ups decreased by 58% from 2,01,592 in 2014-15 to 84,247 in 2021-22.
- In 2021-22, highest number of students suffered from Dental caries (27,220), Ear defect (8,674) and Defective Vision (5,955).



Table 24: Standard-wise number and percentage<sup>30</sup> of underweight students from 2014-15<sup>31</sup> to 2021-22

Standard	2014	<b>l-15</b>	2015	-16	2016	-17	2017	'-18	201	.8-19	2019-20	0	2020-21	2023	1-22
Standard	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		No.	%
Jr. Kg.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Sr. Kg.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
1 <sup>st</sup>	8,694	30.9	10,802	42.7	9,787	40.5	971	4.3	537	2.5	443	2.8	Due to	235	3.4
2 <sup>nd</sup>	7,925	27.7	10,995	40.1	9,134	38.1	1,210	5.0	701	3.1	584	3.4	Covid-19	223	3.7
3 <sup>rd</sup>	8,761	28.4	10,551	37.1	10,222	37.8	1,403	5.5	832	3.4	718	4.0	health	252	4.0
4 <sup>th</sup>	9,345	27.6	10,767	35.4	9,671	34.4	1,444	5.2	859	3.3	873	4.5	check-up	257	3.9
5 <sup>th</sup>	7,948	23.2	10,562	33.3	9,785	34.3	1,442	5.2	995	3.6	958	4.9	is not	300	4.2
6 <sup>th</sup>	0	0	315	26.4	8,923	30.6	1,444	5.2	1,007	3.8	1076	5.3	done	346	4.5
7 <sup>th</sup>	8,326	24.7	8,144	25.1	7,814	25.8	1,473	5.2	936	3.5	935	4.7	refer to	298	3.9
8 <sup>th</sup>	0	0	31	9.1	4,715	21.8	1,114	4.8	742	3.2	713	4.2	annexure-	388	4.1
9 <sup>th</sup>	2,327	20.3	2,410	20.3	1,707	14.2	751	5.3	459	3.1	691	4.5	3	567	4.5
10 <sup>th</sup>	0	0	0	0	1,274	12.3	443	4.3	292	2.4	489	4.0		591	4.4
M.C.	82	13.6	104	17.1	80	12.7	25	4.1	23	3.5	32	7.9		31	6.1
Total	53,408	26	64,681	34	73,112	31	11,720	5	7,383	3	7,512	4		3,488	4

Table 25: Number of students screened and underweight (\*) from 2014-15 to 2021-22

Tuble 25. Number of Students Screened and anderweight ( ) Hom 2014 15 to 2021 22									
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	
Total students (A) <sup>32</sup>	3,97,085	3,83,485	3,43,621	3,11,663	3,00,746	2,98,215		3,18,002	
Number of students screened (B)	2,01,597	1,89,809	2,35,823	2,32,706	2,26,066	1,74,464	Due to Covid-19 health	84,247	
Total underweight students (C)	53,408	64,681	73,112	11,720	7,383	7,512	check-up	3,488	
% of underweight students (C/B x 100)	26%	34%	31%	5%	3%	4%	done refer to annexure-	4%	
Estimated underweight students (A x C/B)	1,05,198	1,30,680	1,06,533	15,670	9,765	12,840	3	13,166	

Note (\*): From the academic year 2016-17, the School Health Department's reports mention "underweight" in place of "malnutrition" as an indicator. Since the terminology was changed from 2015-16 to 2016-17 and the BMC website has retrospectively changed the online data of 2014-15 and 2015-16 to 'underweight' as well, we have used the BMC's terminology of underweight, although the data of 2013-14 to 2015-16 was mentioned in the hard copy received through RTI as 'malnourished'. Further in a letter in response to our previous report the BMC claimed that it changed its parameter from weight to age in 2013-14 to weight for height from 2014-15, without any information in the public domain or RTI response of the said change. From 2017-18, the BMC website mentions-3 standard deviation for BMI by age and gender as being used to calculate underweight.

- No health check-up was done for pre-primary students of BMC, even though undernutrition is best tackled when detected at an early age.
- The change in the methodology of calculation of underweight explains the fall in underweight from 2016-17 to 2017-18. From 2016-17 to 2017-18, the number of underweight students fell by 84% from 73,112 to 11,720.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Percentage refers to the number of students underweight in each standard as a percent of total number of students screened in that standard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> "0" represents no health checkup was done for 2014-15 in municipal schools of BMC in 6<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> standards in all 24 wards as there was alternate pattern followed for health checkups in municipals schools. This data was received under Right to Information (RTI) Act. 2005

<sup>32</sup> Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via an RTI, 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data taken from SSA office in BMC.



## **Monitoring and Evaluation**

## 3. Teacher Inspection

In 2017, BMC released a circular (circular number 237, dated 27.10.17) whereby teacher's performance would now be evaluated based upon how the students in the class have performed. While this is a positive initiative in tracking how the teacher's contribution to learning has been, the performance of the student cannot be the sole responsibility of the teacher, since there are various other factors such as the facilities available with the students for learning, the overall school environment, etc. and finally the education department of the BMC as a whole is responsible for the performance and growth of its students. Teachers, nevertheless play a primary role in shaping the students' interest and learning in the classroom environment and therefore it is important to evaluate their performance.

RTI was filed in 4 wards – M/E-I & II P/N, F/N for teacher performance. However, information was received from only P/N and M/E-I wards.

Table 26: Teacher performance based upon student's evaluation for 2019-20 to 2021-22

	Average % of students in the class who fulfil the parameters under specified subjects										
Standard		Language			Maths			English			
	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22		
1	80	79	83	79	80	83	80	81	85		
2	76	78	79	79	80	82	79	78	80		
3	72	75	79	73	76	78	74	77	80		
4	77	78	81	77	80	81	79	81	83		
5	75	77	78	76	78	80	75	77	79		
6	73	79	81	76	81	85	73	80	82		
7	77	79	80	79	81	83	74	80	79		
8	74	82	81	77	85	84	74	82	83		

- On an average the performance of students across standards, is positive, grading the teachers who teach these students as performing considerably well.
- 78% students on an average were proficient in the language skills and 81% students were able to solve mathematic problems in 5<sup>th</sup> standard in 2021-22.
- In 8<sup>th</sup> standard as well, 81% students on an average were proficient in the language skills and 84% students were able to solve mathematic problems in 2021-22.



Table 27: Medium-wise BMC school inspector (Primary) for 2021-22

Medium	Sanctioned Post	Filled Post	Vacant Post	Vacancy %
Marathi	44	14	30	68%
Hindi	29	9	20	69%
English	27	14	13	48%
Urdu	24	7	17	71%
Gujarati	4	1	3	75%
Kannada	1	0	1	100%
Tamil	2	0	2	100%
Telugu	1	0	1	100%
Total	132	45	87	66%

- The human resource data of school inspector in BMC Primary education department shows a 66% vacancy in 2021-22.
- An RTI reply from the BMC secondary education department stated they do not have a post for school inspector. (Annexure-4)



## 5. Enquiries conducted against Teaching staff (Teachers/HMs) and suspensions

We filed an RTI application with the BMC Education Department regarding enquiries conducted against teaching staff and the reasons for the same. We also asked for information on whether any staff member's services were terminated and the reasons for the same. Our objective was to get a better understanding of the accountability mechanisms in place in the Education Department; whether teaching staff is held accountable for not performing their duties.

Enquiries were conducted against 73 staff members (headmasters, Dy. Headmasters and teacher/trainers) and 44 staff members were terminated from services from 2011-12 to 2017-18. In 2018-19 to 2021-22, an enquiry was conducted against 60 headmasters/mistresses and teachers, and 7 headmasters/mistresses and teachers were suspended.

According to BMC circular (circular number 237, dated 27.10.17) teachers were to be evaluated based on student performance and accordingly would be awarded, fined, memos issued or increment halted. This was implemented since 2018-19 to 2021-22.

Under this from 2018-19 to 2021-22, 204 teachers/heads of schools were awarded certificates for good performance of their students. Punitive action was taken against 179 teachers/ heads of schools of which 87 were fined, increment was halted and other punitive actions such as issuing of memos were done against 92 school staff.



## 6. Infrastructure Compliance with norms laid down in Right to Education Act<sup>33</sup>

Table 28: Compliance with Infrastructure and other norms under RTE<sup>34</sup> (2020-21)

Indicator : Schools with I Availa		ВМС	Private Aided	Private Unaided	Unrecognised	
Total Sc	hools	1,147	399	739	245	
No. of St	tudent	2,63,360	1,04,315	2,87,893	38,099	
No. of To	eacher	10,252	2,851	7,230	1,519	
Building	Number	1,145	399	739	245	
bullullig	%	99.83	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Office cum store cum	Number	1,095	398	726	237	
HM room	%	95.47	99.75	98.24	96.73	
One class room for	Number	1,147	399	739	245	
every teacher	%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
D	Number	1,095	398	726	237	
Ramp	%	95.47	99.75	98.24	96.73	
Separate Toilet for	Number	1,147	384	695	242	
Boys	%	100.00	96.24	94.05	98.78	
Separate Toilet for	Number	1,146	390	715	241	
Girls	%	99.91	97.74	96.75	98.37	
Drinking Water	Number	1,147	399	739	245	
Facility	%	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Dougland Woll	Number	1,132	390	714	222	
Boundary Wall	%	98.69	97.74	96.62	90.61	
Dlayground	Number	1,086	365	626	171	
Playground	%	94.68	91.48	84.71	69.80	
Indicator: Outcomes		ВМС	Private			
SSC (2021-22)	Number	16,319		1,20,132	2	
330 (2021-22)	%	97.10%		96.53%		

Note: District profile will not be maintained from 2021-22 onward (refer to annexure-5).

#### Inference:

- The number of students in private (unaided and unrecognised) is 24% more than those in BMC schools, however the number of schools and teachers are 14% and 15% higher than BMC schools, respectively.
- This shows that although BMC schools have the infrastructure, considerable number of teachers, they are not able to retain students in municipal schools.

http://www.ncert.nic.in/html/pdf/educationalsurvey/Manual on Statistics and Indicators of School Education/Educational Indicators Final 2.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Source: Education Indicators

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Norms of Schools with Infrastructure facilities available, as specified under section 19 of the RTE Act 2009.

<sup>35</sup> According to District Profile 2020-21, data does not include pre-primary.



Table 29: Student Classroom Ratio and Pupil Teacher Ratio in 2020-21<sup>36</sup>

Indicator	Govt. and Local bodies	Private Aided	Private Unaided	Un- recognised
Number of classrooms (1 to 8)	7,323	2982	6,741	1,434
Number of classrooms (9 to 10)	896	0	10	7
Student classroom ratio (SCR)	32	35	43	26
Pupil-Teacher Ratio (PTR)	27	32	26	32
Primary schools having SCR more than 30	14	149	414	53
Upper Primary /Sec./Higher Sec. schools having SCR more than 35	222	0	27	13
Schools with single teacher	22	5	8	1
Primary schools having PTR more than 30	20	190	449	57
Upper Primary /Sec./Higher Sec. schools having PTR more than 35	0	0	0	0

## Inference:

• The Pupil Teacher Ratio (PTR) for BMC schools was 27 for 2020-21, however 20 schools in BMC have a PTR higher than the RTE norm.

Table 30: Medium Wise Pupil (Student) Teacher Ratio in 2021-22<sup>37</sup>

Medium	No. of BMC Schools	Students (Includes Primary, Upper Primary and Secondary)	Teachers (Includes HM, Vice- principal/Dy. HM, Teachers, Special Teachers)	Students per Teacher
English	169	1,01,110	2,452	41
Urdu	232	80,611	2,283	35
Hindi	265	76,990	2,624	29
Marathi	360	51,691	1,985	26
Tamil	30	3,224	138	23
Gujarati	46	2,445	145	17
Kannada	29	1,319	93	14
Telugu	15	612	35	17
Total	1,146	3,18,002	9,755	33

- BMC Marathi medium schools account for the highest number of schools with 1985 number of teachers, although the number of students in Hindi, Urdu and English medium is higher than Marathi.
- Consequently, the pupil teacher ratio in these mediums (Hindi, Urdu and English) is much higher than Marathi; in English BMC schools the PTR is more than the prescribed RTE norms at 41 students per teacher, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> According to District Profile 2020-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> According to DISE data 2021-22.



## 7. School Development Plan

According to Section 22 of the RTE, every School Management Committee constituted under Section 21 shall prepare a School Development Plan (SDP) which shall be the basis for the plans and grants to be made by the appropriate Government/local authority.

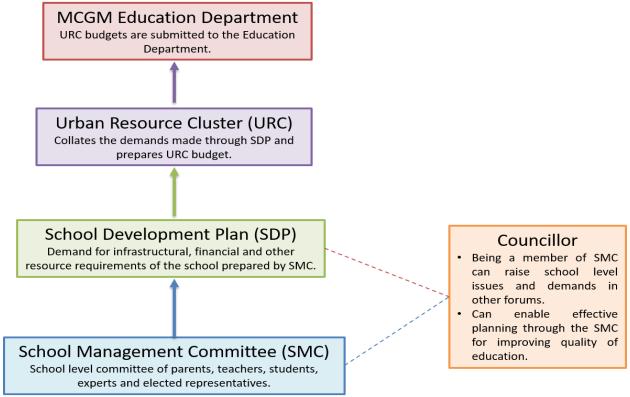
Table 31: Number of schools that prepared School Development Plan (SDP) from 2016-17 to 2018-19

		2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Number of schools (data received)		802	799	889	685	684	684
Vac	No.	785	781	885	652	650	666
Yes	%	97.88%	97.75%	99.55%	96.59%	96.15%	97.80%
No	No.	17	18	4	23	26	15
	%	2.12%	2.25%	0.45%	3.41%	3.85%	2.20%

- From the data received, 98% of the schools in 2021-22 prepared the SDP.
- However, the sample study shown below, shows that not all schools are filling the action plan section in the SDP which includes the improvement and other requirements needed by the schools from BMC.



## **Process of School Development Plan**



- The Maharashtra RTE Rules provide that the School Development Plan is a plan to be prepared for every school by the School Management Committee (SMC) at least three months before the end of the financial year. The SDP elaborates on the existing status of the school and makes demands for infrastructural, financial and/or other resource requirements of the school.
- The SDP is supposed to be submitted to the local authority before the close of the financial year
  to enable school wise planning and appropriate allocation in the budget, based upon
  requirements from the school.
- The SDP is submitted to the respective Urban Resource Cluster (URC) set up under the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan which are supposed to act as monitoring agencies for the functioning of the schools, but also perform various administrative functions. The URC then analyses the SDP for demand for further requirements made and prepares the budget for the URC's jurisdictional area and submits the same to the Education Department.
- Although the administration of the BMC is such that the SDP is submitted from schools to URCs,
  the councillor who is the member of the SMC and a representative of the electorate, can play a
  role in determining and taking forward school level proposals during budget discussions in the
  ward committee and can enable effective planning by participating in the SMC to improve
  quality of education.



## Sample Study of 13 SDPs

- A random sample of 24 SDPs from all BMC wards was requested via an RTI to study how the schools have been preparing the plan. Despite this, only 9<sup>38</sup> wards provided the data for sample SDP.
- In all the SDP samples the initial requirements of existing status of school have been filled
  however the agenda and plan for requirements proposed for the next year have been either
  not filled or not included in the SDP submitted by the schools. This is a requirement for enabling
  school level governance, which is not being done. This probably reflects a lack of knowledge or
  awareness about the use of the SDP and lack of training for SMC members.
- Further, councillors are not taking interest in attending the SMC and are often not aware that they
  are supposed to attend the SMC, and are therefore not constructively participating in making the
  SDP.
- The SDP is not utilised effectively as evident from the fact that the Action Plan is not filled/submitted, as out of the 13 schools who gave information for the academic years 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22, only 2 schools had filled the Action Plan (कृती आराखडा), i.e. Only 15% of schools had filled the action plan (refer to annexure 6)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> A, B, E. F/N, G/S, H/E, K/E, M/E and P/S.



## 8. Pragat Shaala

Pragat Shaikshanik Maharashtra was a scheme introduced by the Government of Maharashtra through a government resolution (GR) dated 22nd April, 2015 with the aim of improving outcome indicators of students in schools across the state. The scheme is based upon evaluation of schools through inspection of 25 criteria (nikash) used to measure the proficiency of the school. Each indicator is given specific marks and the school based on marks is given grades depending upon the number of criteria completed. Schools in this way are provided an incentive to perform well and schools which have completed 20-25 criteria are declared as 'Pragat' schools. The grades are as follows: A grade-25 nikash; B grade-20 to 24 nikash; C Grade- 10 to 19 nikash and D Grade- Less than 10 nikash.

The indicators used to measure student performance in the 25 criteria (Annexure 7) are vague, for example 'If any student from any classroom or all students able to solve 1 sum of division without any mistake with the help of standard wise educational material'- the range is wide and not dependent upon number of students in a class who are proficient in the indicator, furthermore the indicators are common for all the classes from 1st to 8th and therefore do not provide an efficient measurement of learning outcomes. Further, the criteria only measure basic understanding, reading and math and does not look at learning outcomes in a detailed manner based upon level of attainment. The inspection of criteria for Pragat Shaala should be done by an independent body rather than school inspectors for more objective evaluation.

Table 32: Percentage of schools declared Pragat Shaala from 2016-17 to 2021-22 based upon number of criteria met by schools

Year	Year		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Total Sample		579	644	896	528	532	590
Less than 10	No.	1	0	2	0	0	0
Less than 10	%	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 to 10	No.	395	316	27	29	22	35
10 to 19	%	68	49	3	5	4	6
20 to 24	No.	181	323	787	479	485	532
20 to 24	%	31	50	88	91	91	90
25	No.	2	5	80	22	24	23
25	%	0	1	9	4	5	4
Number of Bragat Shaala	No.	183	328	867	501	509	555
Number of Pragat Shaala	%	32	51	97	95	88	94
Average Nikash completed		18	19	23	22	22	22

#### Inferences:

• From 2016-17 to 2021-22, of the sample schools inspected for the Pragat Shaala criteria, the proportion of schools who were within the prescribed criteria increased from 32% to 94%.



## Section III: Deliberation by Municipal Councillors and MLAs

Table 33: Number of Meetings and Attendance (%) in BMC Education Committee from April 2012 to March 2022

Year	Total Meetings	Attendance (%)
2012-13	19	67%
2013-14	15	66%
2014-15	30	65%
2015-16	33	71%
2016-17	25	59%
2017-18	29	74%
2018-19	37	77%
2019-20	21	59%
2020-21	21	73%
2021-22	58	73%

Table 34: Number of questions asked on Education by BMC Councillors in all Committees from April 2012 to March 2022

Name of Committee	2012- 13-	2013 -14	2014 -15	2015 -16	2016 -17	2017 -18	2018 -19	2019 -20	2020 -21	2021 -22
BMC General Body Meeting (GBM)	32	45	49	47	49	56	48	57	15	8
Education Committee	62	45	44	86	102	100	88	99	32	72
Wards Committees	23	29	20	27	12	32	22	21	14	9
Raised in Other Committees	17	14	36	33	20	17	22	18	2	0
Total	134	133	149	193	183	205	180	195	63	89

#### Inference:

- Education committee meetings increase by 176% from 21 in 2019-20 to 58 in 2021-22.
- Moreover, number of questions asked in the education committee decreased by 27% from 2019-20 to 2021-22.
- 59% of total questions asked on education were in the Education Committee Meetings from 2019-20 to 2021-22.



Table 35: Questions asked by Councillors in All Committees from April 2012 to March 2022

	2012-	2013-	2014-	2015-	2016-	2017-	2018-	2019-	2020-	2021-
Issues	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Anganwadi/Balwadi/Creche Related	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	0	1	3
Closure of the schools	0	2	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0
Dropout rate	0	4	1	1	3	1	2	0	0	0
Fees/ Donation Related	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Education Related	3	0	8	6	0	0	10	22	7	11
Girls Education	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0
Human Resources Related	10	7	15	50	45	56	43	42	8	34
Higher/Technical Education	0	2	2	2	7	2	0	2	0	0
Infrastructure	30	39	23	11	13	23	14	18	9	8
Municipal School Related	26	23	21	38	44	31	33	51	13	13
New schools	0	0	4	3	1	1	2	2	0	3
Naming/Renaming of School	0	0	1	6	10	3	7	13	1	0
Negligence in duty of BMC officials/Staff related	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Playground Related	0	0	0	0	6	23	4	2	5	0
Primary education	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	6	0	0
Private and Trust school related	5	4	10	8	5	8	7	4	5	5
Providing and fixing educational materials	0	0	2	3	1	6	4	2	1	2
School repairs and reconstruction	0	0	14	10	9	2	4	0	0	1
Schemes/Policies in Education Related	38	39	30	37	16	25	33	17	2	5
Sports related	1	0	3	0	5	2	5	1	2	0
Secondary education	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Student issues related	10	4	9	9	9	12	5	5	1	2
Syllabus/Curriculum	4	2	0	0	1	5	2	0	0	0
Vocational training	1	0	0	1	2	3	0	2	3	0
Upgradation/reduction of Standards and section of school	3	3	3	2	0	0	1	3	1	2
Total	134	133	149	193	183	205	180	195	63	89

Most number of questions were asked on human resources (34) in 2021-22. Only three questions was asked on the closure of schools and no questions were asked on dropouts from April 2019 to March 2022.



Table 36: Questions asked by Mumbai MLAs on Education from Winter Session 2019 to Monsoon Session 2021

MLA Name	C. No.	Winter 2019	Budget 2020	Monsoon 2020	Winter 2020	Budget 2021	Monsoon 2021	Winter 2019 to Monsoon 2021
Abu Azmi	171	1	12	0	4	4	0	21
Ajay Choudhari	183	0	5	0	1	3	0	9
Ameet Satam	165	0	22	2	16	5	1	46
Amin Patel	186	0	17	5	17	10	3	52
Ashish Shelar	177	0	12	6	18	14	1	51
Atul Bhatkhalkar	160	3	14	3	9	5	1	35
Bharati Lavekar	164	0	4	2	5	7	0	18
Dilip Lande	168	0	10	0	2	0	0	12
Kalidas Kolambkar	180	2	3	2	4	3	0	14
Mangal Prabhat Lodha	185	0	2	1	1	0	0	4
Mangesh Kudalkar	174	2	11	1	1	1	2	18
Manisha Chaudhari	153	0	13	3	14	1	1	32
Mihir Kotecha	155	0	3	0	2	1	0	6
Parag Shah	170	0	1	0	5	7	0	13
Parag Alavani	167	4	11	4	10	9	0	38
Prakash Surve	154	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prakash Phaterpekar	173	0	7	0	2	0	0	9
Rahul Narwekar	187	0	4	1	1	0	0	6
Ramchandra Kadam	169	0	1	2	6	5	0	14
Ramesh Korgaonkar	157	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Ravindra Waikar	158	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Sadanand Sarvankar	181	0	4	0	1	1	0	6
Sanjay Potnis	175	0	10	0	7	3	0	20
Selvan R Tamil	179	2	7	4	10	8	0	31
Sunil Rane	152	0	3	1	7	2	0	13
Sunil Raut	156	0	9	1	5	1	0	16
Sunil Prabhu	159	10	20	3	4	4	1	42
Vidya Thakur	163	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yamini Jadhav	184	1	6	2	3	0	0	12
Yogesh Sagar	161	1	4	2	4	3	2	16
Zeeshan Siddique	176	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Total		27	215	45	160	98	13	558

- 4,389 total questions asked by Mumbai MLAs in the Maharashtra assembly from Winter 2019 to Monsoon 2021; out of which 13% (558) questions were related to education.
- Highest number of questions on Mumbai education were raised by MLA Amin Patel (52) from Winter Session 2019 to Monsoon Session 2021.
- 4 MLAs asked 1 to 5 questions on Education from Winter Session 2019 to Monsoon Session 2021.



Table 37: Issue-wise questions asked by Mumbai MLAs on Education from Winter Session 2019 to Monsoon Session 2021

MLA Name	Winter 2019	Budget 2020	Monsoon 2020	Winter 2020	Budget 2021	Monsoon 2021	Winter' 2019- Monsoon' 2021
Anganwadi/Balwadi/Creche Related	1	22	2	13	0	0	38
Ashram School Related	1	10	1	13	0	0	25
Cast/Tribe education	2	0	0	0	1	0	3
Central/State Government and Zilla Parishad school	3	3	1	4	3	3	17
Closure of the schools	0	4	0	15	0	0	19
Dropout Rate	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Education Related	1	24	0	29	7	0	61
Fees structure	1	17	0	0	19	0	37
Girls Education	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Government College	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Higher/Technical Education	3	53	9	2	15	5	87
Human Resources Related	6	14	7	10	23	3	63
Infrastructure	2	10	0	1	2	0	15
Malnutrition	0	9	0	14	8	0	31
Municipal School Related	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
Medical College	0	0	2	3	1	0	6
Providing and fixing education materials	0	1	0	8	0	0	9
School repairs and reconstruction	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Primary/Secondary education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Private College Related	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Private and Trust school related	0	1	1	8	0	0	10
Scams/Corruption	2	12	6	14	5	3	42
Schemes/Policies in Education Related	0	15	12	22	11	0	60
Syllabus/Curriculum	1	11	4	1	0	0	17
Secondary education	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Student Issues Related	0	3	0	2	1	0	6
Vocational training for Blind and differently abled (Handicapped)	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Total	30	215	45	160	98	14	562

Most number of questions (87) were related to Higher/Technical Education followed by human resources (63). Only one question related to dropouts in Mumbai has been asked in 2 years of the State Legislative Assembly. 19 questions related to closure of schools were raised from Winter Session 2019 to Monsoon 2021, of which only 2 were related to the city.



## Section V: Ward-wise data<sup>39</sup>

Table 38: Ward-wise Total Number of Students in Municipal Schools in Mumbai from 2012-13 to 2021-22

Ward	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
A	7,685	7,600	7,548	7,038	6,844	6,120	5,427	5,143	4,846	4,920
В	2,812	2,542	2,626	2,402	2,378	2,088	1,881	1,774	1,589	2,327
С	674	547	695	432	326	297	278	271	271	307
D	3,269	2,798	3,116	3,138	2,532	2,268	2,108	2,230	2,296	2,456
E	11,433	11,432	11,490	10,580	10,042	10,031	9,260	9,025	8,831	10,281
F/N	35,033	32,187	29,713	27,242	23,644	22,357	22,069	21,661	20,686	23,191
F/S	9,179	8,486	8,178	7,829	8,101	7,938	7,834	7,916	7,595	8,326
G/N	23,747	22,211	20,851	20,559	17,583	17,054	17,523	17,281	16,745	18,978
G/S	15,743	14,729	13,880	13,676	12,552	11,409	12,068	11,393	10,844	11,413
H/E	26,373	22,942	22,043	21,145	19,096	17,839	16,633	16,326	14,904	16,159
H/W	9,714	9,493	8,844	8,366	6,932	6,560	6,196	6,014	5,416	5,818
K/E	20,139	15,234	17,729	17,860	15,798	14,639	14,378	24,591	23,326	25,930
K/W	19,051	17,725	17,226	16,583	16,530	14,445	14,523	3,133	3,336	3,823
L	35,655	35,345	34,584	34,631	33,463	28,290	27,760	27,903	26,778	29,350
M/E	53,510	53,394	54,372	54,147	49,021	37,953	36,440	35,326	32,890	37,831
M/W	17,028	16,324	15,564	15,208	14,670	12,311	12,715	13,574	13,028	14,466
N	25,956	22,875	21,086	20,000	18,034	17,643	16,719	16,866	16,149	17,942
P/N	36,706	35,507	34,917	33,898	27,141	27,230	25,144	23,920	22,523	26,191
P/S	16,165	15,003	14,858	14,419	12,108	11,515	10,394	10,519	10,091	11,165
R/C	13,410	10,047	10,632	9,267	8,122	7,671	7,087	7,455	7,392	8,534
R/N	9,680	9,420	9,389	8,921	6,570	5,780	4,778	4,913	4,517	5,950
R/S	13,903	12,610	12,757	12,170	10,810	9,827	9,639	10,450	9,646	11,070
S	16,507	15,719	15,157	14,694	12,761	12,370	11,607	12,237	11,916	12,977
Т	11,151	10,081	9,830	9,280	8,563	8,028	8,285	8,294	8,104	8,597
Total	4,34,523	4,04,251	3,97,085	3,83,485	3,43,621	3,11,663	3,00,746	2,98,215	2,83,719	3,18,002

#### Inferences:

M/E, L and P/N wards had the highest enrollments in the academic year 2021-22, while C, B and D had the least number of enrollments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Source: Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam).



Table 39: Ward-wise Total Number of Dropout/Dropbox students in Municipal Schools in Mumbai from 2012-13 to 2021-2240

2012-13 to 2	2012-	2013-	2014-	2015-	2016-	2017-	2018-	2019-	2021-
Ward	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20 <sup>41</sup>	<b>22</b> <sup>42</sup>
Α	615	1,021	1,161	1083	893	444	649	1	30
В	255	107	336	350	307	238	319	53	28
С	0	0	8	22	1	3	97	43	7
D	449	469	534	639	118	194	489	143	51
E	678	731	615	801	785	748	866	144	21
F/N	4,326	4,346	3,167	3792	2,565	1,862	2,451	632	542
F/S	561	693	626	458	664	114	557	63	61
G/N	2,214	2,797	2,016	2372	377	1,709	1,322	840	391
G/S	1,046	903	1,126	1062	819	441	742	149	99
H/E	1,568	1,697	2,306	2452	2,935	1,415	1,276	1,666	49
H/W	608	922	1,239	955	117	491	656	174	41
K/E	1,456	894	1,709	2063	980	690	1,180	430	193
K/W	1,445	98	1,891	2085	1,308	258	1,649	240	399
L	5,041	5,960	6,025	6042	296	110	1,839	437	139
M/E	4,681	11,510	11,732	12787	9,105	3,415	3,947	2,397	263
M/W	1,565	1,980	2,067	2339	928	37	1,201	493	99
Ν	1,964	1,403	1,795	2088	526	626	743	147	32
P/N	4,410	4,857	5,000	6140	2,624	1,569	4,136	1,366	524
P/S	1,976	1,912	2,411	2750	1,141	397	1,611	442	278
R/C	1,058	762	713	997	410	90	947	323	71
R/N	1,949	2033	2,309	2537	996	629	623	-	96
R/S	687	1,074	1,863	2070	481	39	577	64	276
S	877	671	697	1394	702	366	1,114	193	170
Т	582	378	395	510	108	93	517	77	117
Total	40,011	47,218	51,741	57788	29,186	15,978	29,508	10,517	3,977

Note: In 2020-21 data not taken due to Covid-19.

#### Inference:

From the data received, F/N, P/N and K/W had the highest number dropouts/dropbox students whereas, C, E and B had the least dropouts/dropbox in 2021-22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Source: Data received from Administrative Officer (Schools) of 24 wards of Mumbai under Right to Information Act (2005).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> In 2019-20, total, 909 schools provided dropout/dropbox information and R/N, M/E-II and T ward did not give any dropout/dropbox information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> In 2021-22, total, 797 schools provided dropout/dropbox information and N ward did not give any dropout information. In 2021-22, the secondary school dropout/dropbox data was received from only Hindi and Marathi medium schools.



Table 40: Ward-wise Total Number of Teachers in Municipal Schools in Mumbai from 2017-18 to 2021-22<sup>43</sup>

Ward	2017- 18	Student teacher ratio	2018- 19	Student teacher ratio	2019- 20	Student teacher ratio	2020- 21	Student teacher ratio	2021-	Student teacher ratio
Α	204	30	199	27	173	30	177	27	169	29
В	89	23	68	28	84	21	79	20	81	29
С	28	11	27	10	22	12	21	13	19	16
D	115	20	97	22	121	18	118	19	110	22
Е	383	26	322	29	360	25	352	25	355	29
F/N	793	28	704	31	770	28	743	28	706	33
F/S	312	25	227	35	293	27	290	26	268	31
G/N	610	28	549	32	622	28	614	27	576	33
G/S	415	27	369	33	431	26	415	26	406	28
H/E	568	31	473	35	518	32	512	29	485	33
H/W	249	26	212	29	244	25	240	23	222	26
K/E	506	29	436	33	828	30	825	28	784	33
K/W	467	31	387	38	118	27	119	28	120	32
L	943	30	766	36	881	32	858	31	824	36
M/E	1,202	32	1,071	34	1,128	31	1,122	29	1,092	35
M/W	464	27	447	28	456	30	455	29	440	33
N	665	27	512	33	636	27	629	26	584	31
P/N	832	33	717	35	777	31	757	30	711	37
P/S	365	32	288	36	374	28	355	28	332	34
R/C	347	22	267	27	279	27	280	26	263	32
R/N	218	27	164	29	186	26	174	26	176	34
R/S	334	29	309	31	327	32	317	30	299	37
S	473	26	382	30	457	27	460	26	419	31
Т	336	24	272	30	335	25	340	24	314	27
Total	10,918	29	9,265	32	10,420	29	10,252	28	9,755	33

Note: In 2020-21 data not taken due to Covid-19.

#### Inference:

• To provide quality education to students, teachers play a vital role. However, 16 wards did not meet the 30 pupil teacher ratio as prescribed in the RTE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup>Source: Data from 2012-13 to 2018-19 was taken via RTIs. Data from 2019-20 to 2021-22 is UDISE+ data which was taken from the Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) office in BMC Education Dept. (Triveni Sangam).



Table 41: Ward-wise Total Number of Passouts<sup>44</sup> in Municipal Schools in Mumbai from 2017-18 to 2021-22

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Ward	2017-18	In %	2018-19	In %	2019-20	In %	2021-22	In %
Α	306	72	153	77	312	95	333	93
В	107	66	110	162	158	93	64	90
С	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
D	97	115	95	98	84	99	145	94
Е	240	63	214	66	334	98	411	97
F/N	911	80	700	99	1,225	96	1,474	98
F/S	260	59	334	147	287	98	304	100
G/N	500	75	546	99	888	93	1,434	98
G/S	650	72	584	158	652	93	717	98
H/E	587	65	419	89	754	86	1,005	95
H/W	111	65	123	58	142	97	218	95
K/E	805	90	887	203	1,163	96	1,558	98
K/W	441	94	401	104	731	88	1,093	93
L	302	44	522	68	508	91	561	98
M/E	73	15	92	9	124	93	572	98
M/W	616	97	640	143	973	97	1,329	99
N	595	54	567	111	790	94	982	98
P/N	762	63	626	87	955	91	1,015	96
P/S	350	52	380	132	452	94	507	97
R/C	159	65	150	56	183	92	184	93
R/N	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
R/S	281	70	357	116	482	97	576	99
S	476	120	532	139	980	94	940	98
Т	305	81	326	120	539	90	897	98
Total	8,934	70	8,758	95	12,716	93	16,319	97

R/N and C wards do not have a single secondary school, pointing out to the lack of opportunity available for higher education as provided by the local government. In F/S and R/S wards, the pass percent is higher than the overall.

 $<sup>^{44}</sup>$  C and R/N ward do not have Secondary Schools. Source: Data received from Administrative Officer (Schools) of 24 wards of Mumbai under Right to Information Act (2005).



# Annexure -1 Appeal Scan Copy The Number of Enrollments, Teachers and Dropout/Dropout Students

ANNEXURE "B"
{See rule 5(1)}
Appeal under section 19(1) of the Right to information as

TENRUPEES

From: Eknath Pawar

To: Appellate Authority/ Assistant Commissioners
'F/S' ward Office Bldg.,Jagannath Bhatankar Marg
& Dr.B.A.Road,Junction,Parel naka, Mumbai-400 012.



- 1. Full name of the Appellant: Eknath pawar
- Address: Praja Foundation, B18, Shri Ram Industrial Estate, 13, G. D. Ambekar Marg, Next to Wadala Udyog Bhavan, Wadala, Mumbai – 400031.

Particulars of the State Public information officer: The Public Information Officer – Administrative Officer - Education Department, 'F/South' Ward, 'F/S' ward Office Bldg, Jagannath Bhatankar Marg & Dr.B.A.Road, Junction, Parel naka, Mumbai-400 012.

- 3. Date of receipt of the order appealed against (if order passed): N.A.
- 4. Last date of filing the appeal: N.A.
- 5. The grounds for appeal: Information which was requested under Right to Information application dated 14/02/2022 from Administrative Officer School, (F/Southward), but PIO is not given till date. I visited and follow up many times but this simple statistical information is not provided by PIO. I have received this information from all other Administrative Officer Education Department Wards in Mumbai.
- 6. Particulars of information:
- a) Please provide total number of students enrolled in Municipal Schools for the academic year 2019-2020(According September 2019). Jr. Kg, Sr. KG, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> std. in Municipal schools in your ward. (Please provide information Standard, Medium, Gender and School wise separately)
- b) Please provide the total number of Students maintained as dropout and dropbox for the Year 2019-2020 from Junior KG, Senior KG, 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6th, 7<sup>th</sup>, 8th, standards, gender (Boys and Girls), medium and School wise separately.
- c) Please provide us with total number of teacher's required and available in each school. Also provide number of teacher's available as per standard (Class) in each school (According September 2019).
- Name of the Officer or the department to which the information relates: The Public Information
  Officer Administrative Officer Education Department, 'F/South' Ward, 'F/S' ward Office Bldg,
  Jagannath Bhatankar Marg & Dr.B.A.Road, Junction, Parel naka, Mumbai-400 012.

8.

Place: Mumbai Date: 05/09/2022

ignature of Appellant Eknath Pawar (9930199110)



### The Appeal Order Reply Received

## बृहन्मुंबई महानगरपालिका

क्रमांक सआ/ एफद /022065/ प्रअ दिनांक। 5 .10.2022



सहाय्यक आयुक्त, एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांचे कार्यालय एफ/दक्षिण विभाग इमारत, दुसरा मजला, डॉ.वाबासाहेब आंबेडकर मार्ग,परेल,मुंबई 400 012 दुरध्वनी क्र. 022-2413450 विस्तारित क्र. 201 ई मेल आयडी - ac.fs@mcgm.gov.in

- 1) अपिलकर्त्याचे नाव व पत्ता
- :- श्री.एकनाथ पवार, प्रजा फांऊडेशन,बी 18,श्री राम इंडस्ट्रीयल इस्टेट, 13,जी.डी.आंवेकर मार्ग, वडाळा उद्योग भवन शेजारी,वडाळा, मुंबई 400 031
- 2) जन माहिती अधिका-यांचे नाव व हुद्दा श्रीम. विना सोनावणे प्रशासकीय अधिकारी (शाळा)
- 3) अपिल प्रकरणाशी संबंधित माहिती :-

एक) माहिती अधिकारांतर्गत अर्ज सादर केल्याचा दिनांक	दि.14.02.2022
दोन) जन माहिती अधिका-याने पाठविलेल्या उत्तराचा दिनांक	निरंक
तीन) अर्जदाराने शुल्क भरल्याचा दिनांक	-
चार) अर्जदारास माहिती दिल्याचा दिनांक	-
पाच) प्रथम अपील दाखल केल्याचा दिनांक	दि.05.09.2022
सहा) प्रथम अपील सुनावणी सुचना पाठविण्याची दिनांक	दि.30.09.2022
सात) प्रथम अपील सुनावणीचा दिनांक व वेळ	दि.12.10.2022 रोजी दुपारी 12.00 वा
आठ) अपिलकर्ता	उपस्थित
नऊ) जन माहिती अधिकारी	उपस्थित

- 4) माहिती अर्जाच्या अनुषंगाने जन माहिती अधिका-याने केलेल्या पत्रव्यवहारासंबंधी माहिती :-
- क निरंक
- जन माहिती अधिकारी वा कलम 5(4) आणि 5(5) नुसार मानीव जन माहिती अधिका-याने दिलेल्या जनराचा तपशील.

	300141		
1	क्र.सआएफ/द//प्रअ/दि.14.02.2022 अन्वये अ.क्र. 3 (क)1	प्रशासकीय अ	धिकारी एफ/द यानी क्र.सआएफ /दा
	2 तमार विचारणा केल्यानसार	/प्रअ/दि.	अन्वये दिलेल्या उत्तरानुसार.
	। १ तमार विचारणा कल्यानतार		

#### विवेचन

अपीलार्थींना लेखी पत्राद्वारे तसेच दूरध्वनीद्वारे अवगत करून दि.12.10.2022 रोजी अपील सुनावणी घेण्यात आली. अपिलार्थी श्री.एकनाथ पवार हे अपील सुनावणीस अनुपस्थित होते. त्यांच्या लेखी सहमतीने श्री निलेश कदम हे अपील सुनावणीस त्यांचे प्रतीनिधी उपस्थित होते.

त्यानुसार, अपील सुनावणीदरम्यान, अपीलार्थी यांनी माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम 2005, अंतर्गत त्यानुसार, अपील सुनावणीदरम्यान, अपीलार्थी यांनी माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम 2005, अंतर्गत केलेल्या अर्जाची कोणतेही आदेश प्राप्त न झाल्याने व्यथित होऊन प्रथम अपील दाखल करण्यात आल्याचे अपील अर्जात नमूद केले आहे.

जवाज जजात नमूद कर्ज कार्ट. तथापि, जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा प्रशासकीय अधिकारी शाळा, एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांनी अपीलकर्ता यांनी माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम, 2005 अंतर्गत केलेल्या अर्जानुसार, विचारलेल्या माहितीच्या अर्जानुसार विचारणा केल्यानुसार माहिती वेळेत पाठविण्यात आलेली नाही.



अधिक चर्चेदरम्यान, तसेच अपिलार्थीने माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम 2005, अंतर्गत विचारणा केलेल्या माहिती बाबत 15 दिवसात कार्यालयात जतन करण्यात आलेल्या अभिलेखातील उपलब्ध सांख्यकीय माहितीच्या छायांकित प्रती अपीलकर्त्यास देणेबाबत जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा प्रशासकीय अधिकारी शाळा,एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांनी देण्याचे मान्य केले. अपिलार्थीने त्यास सहमती दर्शविली.

#### आदेश

जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा प्रशासकीय अधिकारी शाळा, एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांनी माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम, 2005 अंतर्गत केलेल्या अर्जाचे विहित कालावधीत उत्तर दिले नसल्याचे दिसून येते. सबब यांनी माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम, 2005 अंतर्गत केलेल्या अर्जाचे विहित कालावधीत उत्तर देणेबाबत भविष्यात दक्षता घेण्यात यावी अशी सक्त ताकीद जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा प्रशासकीय अधिकारी शाळा, एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांना देण्यात येत आहे.

जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा प्रशासकीय अधिकारी शाळा, एफ/दक्षिण विभाग यांना अपीलार्थीने प्रथम अपील अर्जासोबत सादर केलेल्या विनंतीनुसार तसेच माहिती अधिकार 2005 अंतर्गत अर्जातील मुद्या क.3 (क) अन्वये मागीतलेली माहितीबाबत, 15 दिवसात कार्यालयात जतन करण्यात आलेल्या अभिलेखातील उपलब्ध सांख्यकीय माहितीच्या छायांकित प्रती अपीलकर्त्यास देण्याचे आदेश देण्यात येत आहेत. त्याची प्रत निम्नस्वाक्षरीकारास देण्यात यावी. याबाबत अपिलार्थीने समाधान व्यक्त केले आहे.

सबब अपील अर्ज निकाली काढण्यात येत आहे. आपण उपरोक्त आदेशाशी सहमत नसल्यास, आपण हा आदेश प्राप्त झाल्याच्या दिनांकापासून 90 दिवसांच्या आत राज्य माहिती आयोगाकडे द्वितीय अपील दाखल करावे. राज्य माहिती आयोगाचा पत्ता खालीप्रमाणे आहे.

मुख्य माहिती आयुक्त, राज्य माहिती आयोग,महाराष्ट्र शासन,

13 वा मजला,नविन प्रशासन भवन,

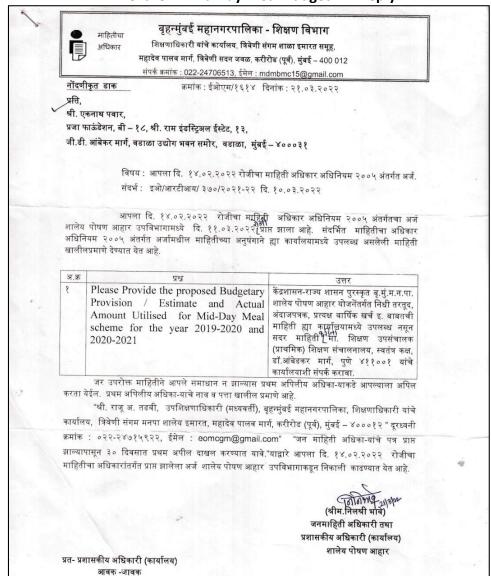
मंत्रालयासमोर मुंबई 400 032.

(श्री.महेश पाटील)

प्रथम अपिलीय प्राधिकारी तथा सहाय्यक आयुक्त,एफ/दक्षिण विभाग



## Annexure -2 Mid Day Meal Budget RTI Reply





## Annexure -3 Health Check-up RTI Reply



## बृहन्मुंबई महानगरपालिका

शालेय आरोग्य विभाग

एचओ/1403/एसएचडी. दि. २० /09/2022

प्रेषक — जन महिती अधिकारी, सहाय्यक आरोग्य अधिकारी (शा.आ.वि.) जी/उत्तर विभाग

प्रति,

श्री. निलेश कदम, प्रजा फाउंडेशन, बी-18, श्री राम इंडस्ट्रिअल इस्टेट, 13, जी.डी. आंबेडकर मार्ग, वडाळा उदयोग भवन जवळ, वडाळा, मुंबई — 400 031.

> विषय- माहितीचा अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 अन्वये माहिती आपला दि.01/09/2022 रोजीचा अर्ज.

संदर्भ- दिनांक 06/09/2022 रोजी प्राप्त झालेल्या माहिती अधिकाराचा अर्ज.

आपला संदर्भाधीन माहिती अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 अंतर्गत अर्ज दिनांक 06/09/2022 रोजी सहाय्यक आरोग्य अधिकारी (शा.आ.वि) या विभागात प्राप्त झाला.

सदर अर्जानुसार विचारणा करण्यात आलेली माहिती खालील प्रमाणे

अ.क्र.	प्रश्न	उत्तर
1		वर्ष 2019-20 चा वार्षिक अहवाल दि.21/08/2020 रोजी व वर्ष 2020-21 चा निरंक वार्षिक अहवाल दि.20/07/2021 रोजी eknath@praja.org या ईमेल आयडी वर पाठविण्यात आला होता. (पृष्ठ क्र. 1 ते 7) तरी पुन्हा एकदा दोन्ही अहवाल दि.29/09/2022 रोजी nilesh@praja.org या इमेल आयडी वर



सदर माहितीद्वारे आपले समाधान न झाल्यास आपण प्रथम अपिलीय अधिकारी यांच्याकडे 30 दिवसात अपील करु शकता.

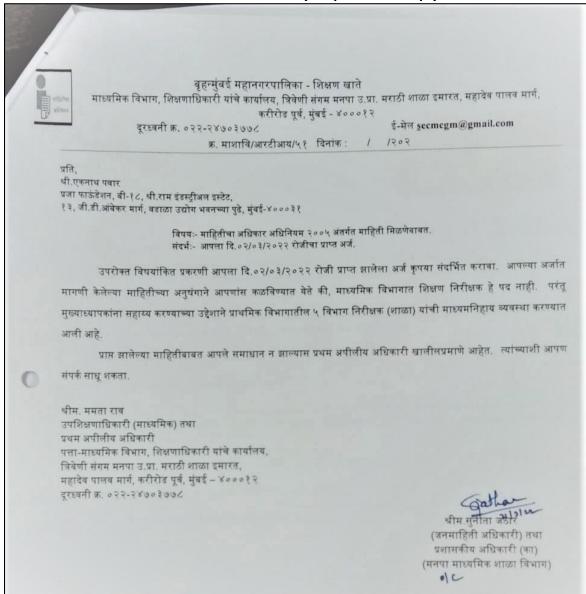
अपिलीय अधिकारी -डॉ. प्रतिभा जाधव, उपकार्यकारी आरोग्य अधिकारी (शा.आ.वि.) तिसरा मजला, सार्वजनिक आरोग्य खाते, एफ/ दक्षिण विभाग, परळ, मुंबई- 400012.

कृपया नोंद घ्यावी. अस्विकरण

- 1) सदर अहवालामध्ये नमुद केलेल्या दोषांची संख्या (पॅरामीटरस) फक्त बृहन्मुंबईमहानगरपालिका शाळेतील विद्यार्थ्यांशी निगडीत असुन त्याचा खाजगी व अनुदानीत शाळांच्या विद्यार्थ्यांशी संबंध नाही. तरी सदर अहवालावरुन विभाग पातळीवरील मुलांच्या दोषांच्या संख्येचा अंदाज बांधणे चुकीचे ठरेल.
- 2) सदर अहवालात नमुद विभाग पातळीवरील दोषसंख्या त्या विभागातील वैद्यकीय अधिका-यांच्या तपासणी वर आधिरत असुन, सदर दोषसंख्या, संशयीत दोष धरण्यात यावे कारण दोषाचे निदान प्रयोगशाळेतील तपासणीवर आधारित नाही.
- 3) वरील माहिती मनपाच्या सार्वजनिक आरोग्य विभागाद्वारा ठरवलेल्या निकषांवर आधारित आहे व त्या निकषांमध्ये बदल होऊ शकतो. तरी या माहितीचे पृथ:करण (Analysis) मनपा सार्व. आरोग्य खात्या द्वारेच करणे एचित ठरेल.
- 4) वरील शालेय मुलांच्या तपासणीचा अहवाल माहे जुन 2019 ते फेब्रुवारी 2020 पर्यंतचा आहे. मार्च 2020 या महिन्यात शाळा बंद झाल्यामुळे तसेच शालेय आरोग्य विभागातील कर्मचा-यांना तातडीने कोरोनाच्या डयुटीवर नेमणुक करण्यात आल्यामुळे सर्व शालेय मुलांची आरोग्य तपासणी करणे शक्य झाले नाही.



## **Annexure 4 - Secondary Inspector RTI reply**





## **Annexure 5 – District Profile RTI Reply**

## बृहन्मुबई महानगरपालिका – शिक्षण विभाग

### समग्र शिक्षा

शिक्षणाधिकारी यांचे कार्यालय, त्रिवेणी संगम मनपा शालेय इमारत, महादेव पालव मार्ग, करी रोड (पूर्व), मुंबई 400012 दूरध्वनी क्र.022-24700678, ई-मेल <u>- ssabmcmumbai@gmail.com</u>

क्रमांकः सशिअ/668, दिनांकः 10/08/2022

प्रति.

Shri. Nilesh Kadam, Praja Foundation, B18, Shri Ram Industrial Estate, 13, G.D.Ambekar Marg, Next to Wadala Udyog Bhavan, Wadala, Mumbai – 400 031

> विषय- आपला दि. 01.08.2022 रोजीचा माहितीचा अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 अंतर्गतचा अर्ज संदर्भ -ईओ/आरटीआय/127/2022-23, दि.03.08.2022

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयांकित प्रकरणी आपला दि.01.08.2022 रोजीचा माहितीचा अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 अंतर्गतचा अर्ज या कार्यालयास दि. 04.08.2022 रोजी प्राप्त झाला.

सदर अर्जान्वये आपण मागणी केलेल्या माहितीच्या मुद्दा क्र. 3 मधील i, ii व iii ची माहिती मागविली होती. परंत् District Profile of Mumbai based on Unified District Information system for Education U-Dise 2021-22 सदरची माहिती समग्र शिक्षा जिल्हा कार्यालयात परिरक्षित केली जात नाही.

उपरोक्त माहिती समाधानकारक न वाटल्यास खालील नमूद केलेल्या प्राधिका-याकडे 30 दिवसाच्या आत अपील करु शकता. अधिनियमाच्या कलम 19 (1) अन्वये उपशिक्षणाधिकारी (समग्र शिक्षा) हे अपीलीय अधिकारी आहेत. त्यांच्या कार्यालयाचा पत्ता पुढीलप्रमाणे आहे.

श्रीम. मालती टोणपे प्रथम अपीलीय अधिकारी तथा उपशिक्षणाधिकारी, समग्र शिक्षा दुसरा मजला, त्रिवेणी संगम मनपा शालेय इमारत, महादेव पालव मार्ग, करीरोड (पूर्व), मुंबई – 400 012 दूरध्वनी क्र. – 24700678

तद्अनुषंगाने आपला दि.01.08.2022 रोजीचा माहितीचा अधिकार अधिनियम 2005 अंतर्गतचा अर्ज निकाली निघतो.

आपल्या माहितीकरिता रवाना.

(श्रीम. पूनम निकम) जन माहिती अधिकारी तथा सहाय्यक कार्यक्रम अधिकारी (समग्र शिक्षा)

प्रत रवाना -



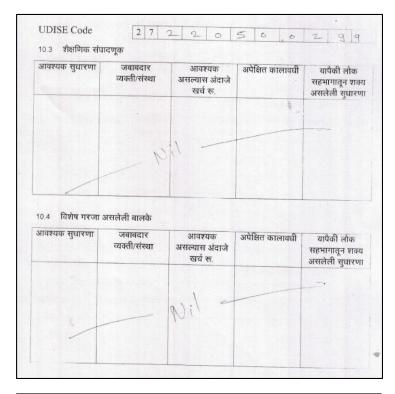
Annexure 6 – Action Plan (कृती आराखडा) Sample of the Action Plan Filled

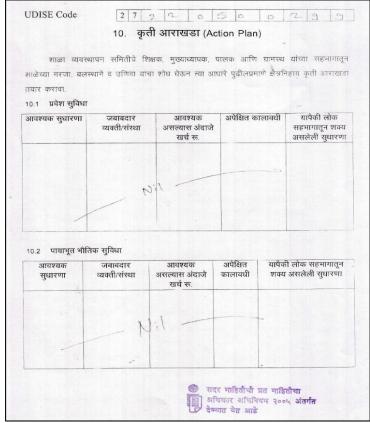
UDISE Code	2 7	2 2 0	4	0 0	17
	10. 3	कृती आराखंडा (			
शाळा व्य	विस्थापन समितीचे	शिक्षक, मुख्याध्यापक	, पालक आ	णि ग्रामस्थ	यांच्या सहभागा
शाळच्या गरजा, व	बलस्थाने व उणिवा र	यांचा शोध घेऊन त्या	आधारे पुढीला	प्रमाणे क्षेत्री	नेहाय कृती आराख
तयार करावा.					
10.1 प्रवेश सुवि					
आवश्यक सुधारण	ग जवाबदार व्यक्ती/संस्था	आवश्यक असल्यास अंदार		कालावधी	यापैकी लोक
		खर्च रू.	91		सहभागातून शक
1					असलेली सुधारण
प्रवेश वर्श	as mones on				असलेली सुधारण
प्रवेश दर्श	क भागक भाग	ia w	व्यावसाप	<b>6</b> 4	असलेली सुधारण
अस्यर्था	विविध की. श	निधान आह	ग व्यवस्थ	क व	असलेली सुधारण
अस्योत्या व भीतिक	विविध की .स्	निधान आह	ध्या द्याप ग व्यवस्थ पामिती	क व	असलेली सुधारण
अस्यर्था	विविध की .स्	निधान आह	ग व्यवस्थ	के व	असलेली सुधारण
अस्यित्या व भीतिक	विविध की .स्	निधान आह	ग व्यवस्थ	के व	असलेली सुधारण
अस्राह्मे व भीतिक मार्रि	विविधा हो .यु सुविधानान इति	निधान आह	ग व्यवस्थ	<b>ঠি</b> ব	असलेली सुधारण
अस्यित्या व भीतिक	विविधा हो .यु सुविधानान इति	निधान आह	ग व्यवस्थ	कि व गथन	असलेली सुधारण
3।सहरिक्या र्व भी तिक मार्वि 10.2 पायाभूत भी	विविधा के अ	जी भूर पुर्विश्वन शाह रा	ग व्यवस्थ	านสา	
31-सायोज्या व भी तिळ मार्वि 10.2 पायाभूत भी	विविधा की .श्रेकिश की स्विधा की स्विधा की स्विधा	जा प्रार्थ प्रविधा श्रीह	ग व्यवस्थ समिती	गंधकी यापैकी	लोक सहभागातून भसलेली गुधारणा
अस्तरत्था व भौतिक मार्रि 10.2 पायाभूत भी आवश्यक सुधारणा	विविधा के उ के प्रिकाश विक सुविधा जबाबदार व्यक्ती/संस्था	जी भूर पुर्विश्वन शाह रा	ा व्यवस्थ रतिमिती	गंधकी यापैकी	लोक सहभागातन
अस्तिरुया व भौतिरु भारि 10.2 पायाभूतभी आवश्यक सुधारणा	विविधा के स्वीतिक सुविधा जवाबदार व्यक्ती/संस्था	जा प्रार प्रिकेश शाह ता	ा ०्यस्ट्रच्य स्तिमिती अपेक्षित कालावधी	गपं की यापैकी शक्य र	लोक सहभागातून असलेली सुधारणा
अस्मित्या त भ्रातिक मार्वि 10.2 पायामूत भी आवश्यक सुधारणा वैश्वीरक्षा	विविधा के उ के प्रिकाश विक सुविधा जबाबदार व्यक्ती/संस्था	जा प्रार प्रिक्ष शाह जा शावस्यक असल्यास अंदाजे स्वर्च स्त	ा व्यवस्थ रतिमिती	यापैकी शक्य र	लोक सहभागातून असलेली सुधारणा

UDISE Code		2 2 0	400	17
10.3 शैक्षणिक संप				
आवश्यक सुधारणा	जबाबदार व्यक्ती/संस्था	आवश्यक असल्यास अंदाजे खर्च रू.	अपेक्षित कालावधी	यापैकी लोक सहभागातून शक असलेली सुधारण
स्वाध्याय ज	ज्ञान्याग्वा भूत्रामान्यान्या र्याच्याग्वा	DIACE	, शिक्षक, शान गपन समिती, मिन पालक	-
10.4 विशेष गरजा : आवश्यक सुधारणा	असलेली बालके जबाबदार	आवश्यक	अपेक्षित कालावधी	यापैकी लोक
	व्यक्ती/संस्था	असल्यास अंदाजे खर्च रू.	जनादारा कालाववा	सहभागातून शक्य असलेली सुधारणा
विशेष भरता	र भ्य भाषाडिक	- व्यवस्थ	विश्वक , शाक्त	
व्यन्दर्भाग्रहो।				



## Sample of the Action Plan Not filled







Annexure 7 - 25 Criteria under Pragat Shaikshanik Maharashtra for Pragat Shaala

No.	Criteria	Marks			
7707	Number from School Roll:				
1	Number of Present:	_			
	5 marks should be given if the number of students present are 90% of number from	5			
	school roll, otherwise 0 marks should be given.				
	Out of school students:				
2	Actually Admitted students:	5			
2	5 marks should be given if 90% out of school came to notice in various surveys are	3			
	admitted.				
	If school area is very clean				
3	Waste water, paper balls, garbage should not be observed in School premises. If	5			
	the school area is clean, beautiful and pleasant at first glance then 5 marks should	3			
	be granted.				
	If material is available for the study of the minimum of the 10 components from				
4	each subject with material is Enlightening (Self-prepared material in 20 types)	5			
	If Enlightening self-prepared in 20 types prepared by the teacher is available then				
	5 marks should be granted.				
	If any student in from any class is able to read and write any 5 mathematical numbers without any mistake. (For double digits in 1 <sup>st</sup> Standard and after that 1				
	digit should be increased)				
4	Observer will give 5 mathematical numbers to students from classroom and check	5			
	books/slates of 20% students randomly and also ask them read. If randomly	3			
	selected students able to read and write it without any mistake, then 5 marks				
	should be given.				
	If any student from any classroom or all students able to solve 1 addition of sum				
	without any mistake with the help of standard wise educational material.				
6	Observer will give 2 to 3 sum of addition based on standard and check	5			
	notebooks/slates randomly, if sums are solved without any mistake then 5 marks				
	should be given.				
	If any student from any classroom or all students able to solve 1 deduction sum				
7	without any mistake with the help of standard wise educational material.				
	Observer will give 2 to 3 multiplication sum based on standard and check	5			
	notebooks/slates randomly, if sums are solved without any mistake then 5 marks				
	should be given.  If any student from any classroom or all students able to solve 1 sum of				
	multiplication without any mistake with the help of standard wise educational				
8	material.				
	Observer will give 2 to 3 sum of multiplication based on standard and check	5			
	notebooks/slates randomly, if sums are solved without any mistake then 5 marks				
	should be given.				
	If any student from any classroom or all students able to solve 1 sum of division				
	without any mistake with the help of standard wise educational material.				
9	Observer will give 2 to 3 sum of division based on standard and check	5			
	notebooks/slates randomly, if sums are solved without any mistake then 5 marks				
	should be given.				



10	If student is able to solve the Able to solve verbal sum based on weight/measurement/dimension/length based on the curriculum, then 5 marks will be given.	5
11	If the student from every classroom is able to read any 5 sentences from textbooks of the concerned standard correctly when asked by randomly by the observer	5
12	If student from every classroom is able to write any 5 sentence from textbook randomly read by the observer	5
13	If student is able to answer questions related to standard asked randomly by the observer	5
14	If student is able to compose five words successfully from textbooks from last alphabet of the word given by the observer on random basis	5
15	If children is able to present poem from textbook excellently asked randomly by the observer	5
16	If children from any class able to do picture reading randomly asked by the observer	5
17	If children from the any class is able to compose 5 sentences from 3 randomly given class level words by the observer	5
18	If confidence is reflected in child's speaking, answering, response and behavior when observer asks questions	5
19	If any child from class is able to create story from three easy class level words given by the observer	5
20	If children from every class able to present play of 3 to 5 minutes on subject given by observer to a group of students/class	5
21	If every student from each class is able to tell the time asked by the observer by moving clock hands	5 Bonus
22	If any student from any class is able to create poem of four lines from three words at class level given by the observer	5 Bonus
23	If student from any class is able to answer five words based on GK in English at class level asked by the answer	5 Bonus
24	If any student from any class able to draw a picture at class level, asked by the observer	5 Bonus
25	If any student from any class able to express his thoughts in five sentences on the subject given randomly by the observer	5 Bonus